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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
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Ode to Spring.

I wakened to the singing of a bird;
I heard the bird of spring.
And lo!
At his sweet note
The flowers began to grow,
Grass, leaves and everything,
As if the green world heard
The trumpet of his tiny throat
From end to end, and winter and despair
Fled at his melody, and passed in air.

I heard at dawn the music of a voice.
O my beloved, then I said, the spring
Can visit only once the waiting year;
The bird can bring
Only the season's song, nor his the choice
To waken smiles or the remembering tear!
But thou dost bring
Springtime to every day, and at thy call
The flowers of life unfold, though leaves of autumn fall.
—[Mrs. James T. Fields, in the Century.

A BOX OF DIAMONDS.

In the year 1867 I found myself at Rio Janeiro, Brazil, just out of hospital, not a dollar in my pocket, and ready to ask the American Consul to send me to the United States in the name of charity. I had been out with an American whaler, and had been left there so broken in health that no one supposed that I could live two weeks. As the ship had taken no oil there was nothing coming to me. Indeed, I was in debt to her, and but for the few dollars raised among the men I should have been a pauper on landing.

One afternoon, while I was on my way to the Consulate to see what help I could obtain, I encountered an Englishman, whom I at once identified as a sailor—captain or mate. He stopped and inquired my name, nativity and occupation and when I had given him the information he slapped me on the back and exclaimed:

"It's a bit of luck that I met you! I've got a place for you, and we'll drop in somewhere and have a talk."

He was a blunt-spoken man, but a cautious one. He did not unfold his plans until he had pumped me pretty dry and apparently satisfied himself that I was a man he wanted. Even then I only got a part of the story, and am still in the dark as to many particulars. The stranger's name was Captain Roberts, and he had given up the command of an English brig on purpose to enter upon a hunt for treasure. Two years before, as he informed me, a coasting schooner, which was carrying half a million dollars' worth of diamonds, besides a large sum in rough gold, between Rio and Montevideo, had been wrecked about seventy miles below Porto Alegre. Why this treasure had been intrusted to a sailing vessel and whether it belonged to church or state or some individual I never learned. The captain had nothing to say about that, and I bound myself to secrecy regarding the whole affair.

How Captain Roberts had located the wreck was a matter I did not ask about, but I did hear it said that all the crew were lost. I was a sailor and a diver and he offered to stand all the expense of the search and give me $10,000 in gold if we recovered the diamonds only. If we got the gold as well I was to have a larger share. He had chartered a coasting schooner for three months, and was then getting aboard whatever he thought would be needed. I signed with him that afternoon as mate, and three days after we had picked up all our crew. Fortunately for us a ship came in with twelve seaman rescued from a burning bark at sea, and we took eight of them and a cook. This gave us eleven hands all told on the little craft, but wrecking is a thing demanding plenty of muscle at the cranks, windlasses and tail ropes. The crew proper were not let into the secret, but signed for a voyage to Buenos Ayres and return.

There was a Rio banker behind the expedition, as I accidentally discovered, but he did not come near the schooner, and Captain Roberts visited him only by night. We were so well provisioned and provided that it must have taken a snug sum of money to fit us out. This the banker no doubt advanced and took his chances. At the Custom House we cleared for the La Plata in ballast, but some of that ballast had been taken aboard under cover of darkness. We had a diver's outfit, timbers, planks, spare casks, extra ropes and chains, and about the last package received contained a dozen muskets and a lot of fixed ammunition. We slipped out quietly one night with the tide, and before daylight came we were far away.

Captain Roberts had a pretty fair chart of the neighborhood of the wreck, and after a speedy run down the coast we reached it one afternoon about 4 o'clock. When we came to work inshore we got sight of the mountain peaks laid down on the chart, and in a couple of hours were satisfied that the wreck was within a mile of us north or south. Just there was a reef about four miles off shore and extending up and down the coast for thirty miles. Behind this reef in many places was deep water up to the shore line. It being summer weather, with the winds light but holding steady, we anchored off the reef, and then the men were told that we had come to search for a wreck. It was all right with them, and after dinner two boats were lowered to begin the search. Taking the schooner as the centre, we pulled both ways, running close to the reef. The treasure craft had been dismasted in a squall and driven shoreward, and we confidently expected to find her hull, if it had not gone to pieces, on or near the reef.

Before sundown we had made careful search for three miles away, but without finding the slightest trace of her. Next morning we tried it again, but nothing was brought to light. In some places the reef showed above the surface at low tide, in others there was plenty of water to carry us over at any time. The treasure craft might have hit the reef at a favorable spot and been driven almost to the beach; but before accepting this theory we got out the drag and explored the deeper waters seaward from the reef. We spent three days at this work, grappling only the rocks hidden away from 30 to 60 feet below, and using up the men with the hard work. The schooner was then sailed over the reef and anchored in a snug berth in 30 feet of water, and we began the search of the shore waters. The shore was a rocky bluff crowned with a dense forest, with a few yards of shingly beach at long intervals.

We had searched this bay for four days without luck when I had the good fortune to discover the wreck with my own eyes. She lay within half a mile of the beach in 22 feet of water, and was bottom side up against a big rock. She had probably passed the reef in safety, but had struck this rock, which thrust its head within three feet of the surface, and in going down had turned turtle. It seemed now that not a soul of her crew had escaped, and how anybody had afterward located the wreck and made a chart of the locality was a greater mystery than ever. Our first move was to bring the schooner as near as possible, and then we began preparations to lift the wreck. She must be turned over, so as to float on her keel, if nothing more. Lying bottom up, there was no possible way to get into her cabin.

Next day after the discovery, I went down in my diving dress and attached chains to her starboard side. These were spliced out with stout ropes leading aboard our schooner, and after half a day's work we were ready to haul. We could lift her a bit, but not more than a foot, and after working one day we gave up that method for another. Casks were sent down to me and attached wherever possible, and but for the presence of sharks we would have had her over in a day. As if one monster had communicated with another for miles up and down the coast, they gathered about the schooner and the wreck, and I had the closest kind of a call from being seized by a man-eater that was fully 15 feet long. Standing on our decks I counted 86 dorsal fins moving about us at one time, and I don't believe that was half the number of sharks within a circle of a quarter of a mile. There could be no more diving while they were hanging about, and we set to work to get clear of their company. Captain Roberts had foreseen such an emergency and had come provided.

I doubt if a ship's crew ever had deeper revenge on Sailor Jack's implacable enemy. The muskets were brought up and four of the men told off to use them. A fifth man was given charge of a whale lance, and the rest of us were kept busy administering a punishment which might be called barbarous by humanitarians. We heated bricks red hot on the galley stove, swiftly wrapped them up in cloths, and they no sooner touched the water than they were gulped down. As soon as a shark was wounded by ball or lance so as to leave a trail of blood he was at once eagerly attacked by others, and our hot bricks soon turned a dozen or more big fellows on their backs.

It was a regular circus for about three hours, during which at least fifty of the monsters were slaughtered, and then those that were left alive suddenly drew off to the last one, and we did not sight another shark during our stay. I did not go down again for twenty-four hours, however, not feeling certain that some big fellow was not lying in wait behind the wreck. When I did descend I found the schooner lifting to the casks, and after attaching three or four more she slowly rose to the surface. We then got the boats out and towed her into a depth of fourteen feet and then swayed her over until she righted. She went to the bottom again, of course, as the casks no longer buoyed her, but we expected that.

When I came to go down in my suit I found almost a clear deck. She had been schooner-rigged and both masts had been carried away at the deck. Beginning at the heel of the bowsprit and running along the port side about twenty-five feet of her bulwarks were left standing. Capstan, windlass, hatch covers and the skylight of the cabin had been swept away. This latter fact was greatly in my favor, as I could drop directly into the cabin. I was told to look for the treasure in the captain's stateroom, but my feet had no sooner touched the cabin floor than my outstretched hands encountered something which I knew by the feel to be a dead man. My finding him in the situation I did still further deepened the mystery of the whole expedition. He was tied fast and I had to cut him loose with my knife. As soon as released the body floated upward, and the men told me that it floated out to sea with the tide, riding on the surface like a cork.

Evening was now drawing near, and further search was abandoned until another day. After breakfast next morning I descended again, and within two hours had the treasure out of the wreck. I found it, not in the captain's stateroom, but on the floor of the main cabin—the diamonds were in a cast-iron box about as large as a child's savings bank, and the gold in stout wooden boxes, and I left nothing behind.

From the treasure being found where it was I argued that there had been a mutiny before the storm, and that the captain had been tied in the cabin and the crew was making ready to divide up the spoils. Perhaps after driving over the reef and striking the rock one had been cast ashore to tell the story, and it was on his information we acted. If so, however, the fact was not admitted. I learned no more than I have told you. Not one of the crew knew the value of our find, and, sailorlike, asked but few questions.

When the treasure was safe aboard we returned to Rio. For four days not a man was permitted to leave the vessel. Then I received the sum agreed upon, with a considerable increase, the men were made happy with a snug sum of money counted down to each, and we were all bundled aboard a steamer bound for Cuba, each giving his promise to say nothing of the wrecking expedition to anyone. I learned later on that Government vessels searched for weeks for the wreck, and that the Rio banker had to flee to England for safety, but that only added to the strangeness of the adventure instead of clearing up the many mysteries.—[M. Quad, in St. Louis Republic.

How They Came by Their Names.

The study of philology develops such curious derivations as those below, and proves a most interesting—even fascinating—study.

Blankets, it is said, were named after their first makers, three brothers of Bristol, England, named Edward, Edmund and Thomas Blanket, who established a large trade in this article of woolen goods, and were the earliest manufacturers of it in the middle of the fourteenth century.

Cambrics, we are told, came from Cambray, a town in French Flanders famous for its fine linens, and damask originated in Damascus.

Calico is derived from Calicut, on the Malabar coast, and muslin from Moussoul, a city of Asiatic Turkey, giving evidence that, though these goods are now sent to India and the East, they were originally imported thence.

Few persons have ever troubled themselves to think of the derivation of the word dollar. It is from the German thal (valley), and came into use in this way some three hundred years ago. There was a little silver mining city or district in Northern Bohemia called Joachimsthal, or Joachim's Valley. The reigning duke of the region authorized this city in the sixteenth century to coin a silver piece which was called "joachimsthaler." The word "joachim" was soon dropped and the name "thaler" only retained. The piece went into general use in Germany and also in Denmark, where the orthography was changed to "dealer," whence it came into English, and was adopted by our forefathers with some alterations in the spelling.

The Five Kinds of Caverns.

Geologists divide caves and caverns into five distinct classes. First, the caverns in limestone rock excavated by streams, which find their way beneath the surface. Second, the channels and chambers hollowed out by the waters of hot springs on their way from the earth to the surface. Third, the sea caves and grottos, which are formed where the battering surges have worn away into the shore cliffs along the line of some softer part of the rocks. Fourth, the cavities curiously formed where a lava stream has solidified upon the surface. Fifth and lastly, we have the rifts formed in the rocks which have been rent by the mountain-building forces, where the walls on either side of the break have been pulled apart from each other, leaving a very deep and long but unusually narrow fissure. In one or another of these groups may be placed all the known cavities which occur beneath the earth's surface. These, of course, may be subdivided into many sub-classes.—[St. Louis Republic.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

PRESIDENT CARNOT is one of the very few Frenchmen who never get axcited.

SENATOR SHERMAN, of Ohio, is about to build a mansion in Washington to cost $100,000.

EX-SENATOR EDMUNDS, of Vermont, takes only cases of importance, and his smallest retainer is $2000.

THE late W. H. Smith, the London newsman who became a British Cabinet Minister, left $20,000,000.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER's income from his Standard Oil interests is probably nearly $7,000,000 a year.

EX-GOVERNOR THAYER, of Nebraska, has decided to contest anew the right of Governor Boyd to his office.

BARON HIRSCH, the wealthy Austrian banker and friend of the Prince of Wales, is just sixty-one years old.

THE Queen of Greece is at present in a very bad state of health and causes her husband and family much alarm.

EX-SENATOR INGALLS is reported to have declined an offer of $10,000 a year to edit a Kansas City (Mo.) evening paper.

PRINCE GEORGE OF WALES now has an annual allowance amounting to $75,000 a year. Previous to the death of his brother he had $25,000 a year.

FEW people are aware that the late evangelist, Mr. Spurgeon was never ordained. He began and ended his remarkable ministry as a lay preacher.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND and Governor Flower, of New York, were guests for a few days of the New York Rod and Gun Club at their club house on Spesutia Island, Md.

BISMARCK sprinkles his conversation, which is at all times interesting and sometimes epigramatic, with choice and pertinent extracts from Shakespeare, of whose works he is especially fond.

ONE of the largest salaries received by any man in this country is drawn by C. A. Griscom, the Chief of the International Navigation Company, of Philadelphia, Penn., who receives $60,000 a year.

WILLIAM WALTER PHELPS, the United States Minister, returned to Berlin, Germany, from his trip to Egypt, enjoying splendid health. He says he feels in good form for work after his vacation.

ALEXANDER RIBOT, the new French Premier, is just two weeks over fifty years of age. He is sometimes called a youthful Thiers, and he has had a meteoric career in politics during the last ten years.

THE United States Army now carries on its retired list thirty-two Brigadier Generals and four Major Generals. The quartet of Major Generals is composed of John Pope, S. S. Carroll, J. C. Robinson and Daniel E. Sickles.

CONGRESSMAN STONE, of Kentucky, owes his life to his wife, who, when a young girl, found him lying dangerously wounded after one of the battles of the Civil War, and taking him to her father's house nursed him back to health.

MRS. HARRISON, wife of the President, is reported to have made great progress in her art studies, to which she has devoted much time during all her occupancy of the White House. She has become especially skilful in water-color work.

SENATOR VOORHEES, of Indiana, is a devoted admirer of art, and is often to be seen in the Corcoran Gallery, in Washington, standing before some favorite painting or statue in evident delight. He is said to be an able critic in the matter of art, and quite a connoisseur.

ANDREW CARNEGIE, the Pennsylvania iron manufacturer, has been talking very frankly to the San Francisco newspaper men. He rates himself as worth from $30,000,000 to $35,000,000, and says he will spend every cent of his money before he dies. He is an agnostic, and declares he will never give a penny to a church.

KILLED BY AN EXPLOSION.

A Boiler in a Michigan Lumber Mill Blows Up With Terrible Results.

The boiler of the East Jordan (Mich.) Lumber Company's mill No. 2 blew up at 7:30 o'clock in the morning, instantly killing seven persons. Three others were dangerously injured.

The noise of the explosion was heard plainly at Charltvoix, fourteen miles away. Several carloads of people and a physician started at once for the scene of the accident. S. Pearson, who ran the engine, escaped uninjured. The engineer, who has charge of both mills, was James Pott. He had gone to breakfast, leaving the fireman, John Ringle, in charge. Ringle was in the engine-room at the moment of the explosion and was too badly injured to be interviewed as to the cause of the explosion. Pearson, the only man in the mill who came out unhurt, says the explosion was probably due to low water or too high pressure, but blames no one for the accident.

A MADMAN'S FREAK.

He Takes Possession of the Mississippi State House.

When the Mississippi Legislature was assembling the other day at Jackson, a crazy man named Bryant took possession of the State House for an hour and ran things to suit himself. Several officers came to arrest him, but with a big knife in each hand he defied them and furiously cursed the Legislature.

He finally ran down the steps and into the street, hundreds of people, including Legislators and State officials, fleeing before him. After getting out of the crowd three policemen knocked him down and landed him in jail. He was recently discharged from the asylum as cured, but will be returned.

SIX BURNED TO DEATH.

Terrible Results of an Explosion of Benzoline at Amsterdam.

The explosion of a barrel of benzoline in a drug warehouse at Amsterdam, Holland, caused terrible havoc. The warehouse caught fire, and while efforts were being made to extinguish the flames they reached the barrel of benzoline and in its explosion six persons were instantly killed and twenty-seven injured, some of them fatally.

The burning fluid was scattered in all directions and the shrieks of the victims were terrible. Some tore at their clothes in agony and others dashed about like madmen, yelling for relief. Four houses were also destroyed.

FIVE WORKING DAYS.

Monday to Be a Holiday Among English Coal Miners.

The delegates to the conference of the British Miners' Federation at London decided that after the men resumed work they should work only five days a week.

The conference also decided that from April 11 the days on which mining would be done would be Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. The miners have not worked heretofore on Sundays, and after April 11 Mondays will be observed as holidays by all members of the Miners' Federation.

AN IDLE GUILLOTINE.

First Execution in Switzerland in Twenty-Four Years.

The first execution that has occurred in Switzerland since 1868 took place the other day at Lucerne.

The culprit was an Italian named Gatti, who after assaulting Mlle. Degan, a teacher, murdered her. He was executed by the guillotine.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

News About the Lawmakers and Departments at Washington.

Debate on the Bland Bill Opened in the House.

The beginning of the tussel over the Bland Free Silver Coinage bill in the House of Representatives at Washington drew the biggest crowd of spectators that has been seen at the Capitol since Judge Crisp was installed as Speaker. An hour before the House was called to order, the galleries were packed to the doors; standing room was at a premium, and hundreds of disappointed visitors roamed through the corridors to gain admittance. The attendance of members was larger than it had been at any time since the day when the special order was made for the consideration of the Bland bill. The scene offered a striking contrast to that which was presented on the day of the beginning of the tariff debate.

Even the President's and diplomatic galleries were occupied. Mrs. McKee was present with a party of friends. The crush about the galleries reminded one of the closing days of Congress. A large proportion of the crowd were ladies. Many of them were young ladies of great beauty. The brilliant costumes of the ladies made the picture of the House most inspiring, and, no doubt, had a good effect upon the speakers.

The Silver bill having been read in full, Mr. Bland took the floor, but was immediately taken therefrom by Mr. Tracey, of New York, with a point of order that the bill must receive its first consideration in Committee of the Whole, as it involved a charge upon the Treasury. It was overruled by the Chair. On motion of Mr. Bland a resolution was adopted providing for evening sessions.

Mr. Bland, of Missouri, then opened the debate in favor of the measure. He was followed by Mr. Williams (Mass.), Democrat, who represented the anti-silver element of the Democratic party. Both speeches were loudly applauded. Among the other speakers were Harter (Ohio), Rayner (Md.), Taylor (Ill.), Hopkins (Ill.), all anti-silver; Epes (Va.), Crawford (N. C.), for the bill, and De Forest (Conn.) against it. At 5:30 the House took a recess until 7:30 that night.

At the evening session Messrs. Weadock, of Michigan, Bowers, of California, Winn, of Georgia, and Lewis, of Mississippi, spoke in favor of the bill, and Messrs. Covert, of New York, and Post, of Illinois, against it.

During the debate Mr. Harter, of Ohio, caught Mr. McKarg, of Maryland, by the throat and shook him violently. Mr. Harter was excited and not conscious of the assault until it was all over.

A huge petition in regard to the silver question was presented to Speaker Crisp. It is addressed to the Democrats of the House of Representatives, and asks them to postpone the consideration of any silver bill until the next session of Congress.

The petition is signed by over 6000 Democrats, including prominent officials high in the party, Presidents of colleges, business men and others.

Space at the Patent Office.

The recent announcement of the Commissioner of Patents that copies of current patents can no longer be furnished until Congress provides a place for the storage of the same has stirred the world of patented industries mightily. It is the old story of the slowness of Congress to provide needed accommodations for the only self-supporting Bureau of the Government. The Patent Office pays its expenses and puts by about $200,000 every year. Its savings have accumulated in the Treasury to the amount of $4,000,000. Still Congress has failed from year to year to provide for this rapidly growing, money earning institution. Its examiners and clerks are packed into rooms so small they can hardly breathe, and its immense mass of valuable records are stacked up on triple rows of pine shelves in the corridors, where moth and dust may easily corrupt, and where a fire may break out if thieves do not break in. Now even this space is exhausted, and copies of patents now being issued cannot be stored, so that no copies can be obtained. The numerous firms of attorneys and the great manufacturing interests all over the country that want copies of every patent issued affecting their special business, are now unable to get them, and they are pouring in their complaints upon the House thicker than leaves on Vallambrosa. Unless some provision is made before long for the storing of these copies, the patented industries of the country, and even the courts handling patent causes, may get badly tangled up.

A Fire in the House Folding Room.

A fire occurred in the folding room of the House of Representatives about 7 o'clock in the evening and destroyed a large number of public documents, mostly agricultural reports and memorial addresses, which had been prepared for mailing. The Fire Department was promptly on hand and soon had the fire under complete control. In accomplishing this, the office and corridors, which were closely packed with documents, were flooded to the depth of several inches, and the dense smoke caused thereby permeated the entire building, including the House of Representatives. It took some time to clear the hall of smoke so as not to interrupt the proceedings of the evening session of the House. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss is estimated at $15,000, confined almost exclusively to public documents. The folding room is in the east sub-basement of the House wing of the Capitol.

Denmark to Assist Peary's Rescuers.

News was received at the National Academy of Natural Sciences that a letter had arrived at Washington addressed to Secretary Blaine from the United States Minister at Denmark, announcing that the Danish Government has issued instructions to its officials in Greenland "to extend all possible support" to the expedition for the relief of Lieutenant Peary.

THE ELEVENTH CENSUS.

An Additional Two Million Dollars Required to Complete It.

Messrs. Tonner and Evans, the committee recently appointed by Secretary Noble to make an investigation of the Census Bureau, have completed their report. The committee find that it will require $2,000,000 to complete the work of the eleventh census, including the $250,000 lately appropriated by Congress. They recommend that the finance and appointment divisions be discontinued, and that the work be transferred to the Interior Department proper; also that a large part of the census working force be concentrated upon the manufactures division, which the committee believes is the most important branch of the census uncompleted.

Secretary Noble sent the report to Superintendent Porter, with a request that he express his views upon the recommendations of the committee. He also directed the Superintendent's attention to his (Porter's) last annual report, in which he said that in his opinion $1,000,000 would be sufficient to complete the entire work. Superintendent Porter, in reply, commended the report and expressed his approval of the recommendation that the two divisions be abolished. He said that the data now in hand would prove of great service to him in the future management of his work.

OVER 100 Congressmen, embracing practically the entire delegations of Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Wisconsin, have petitioned the River and Harbor Committee to recommend an initial appropriation for the proposed twenty-one-foot channel from the lakes to the Atlantic.

A VIRGINIA CITY (Nev.) youth was recently detected in the act of shooting an arrow, with a cigarette attached, through a broken window in the rear of the jail to some boys who were imprisoned there.

LATER NEWS.

R. H. GILLIFORD, Chairman of the Allegheny (Penn.) Council Auditing Committee, reported the result of the investigation into the accounts of the city officials. In the accounts of the Mayor's office, Market Clerk, Superintendent of Waterworks and Health Office a deficiency of $350,197.20 was discovered.

FOR more than five hours a thick fog covered the waters of New York Harbor. New York City, Brooklyn and Jersey City were completely enveloped in the mist, which hid the rivers and bay, extending through the Narrows and some distance out to sea. During the heavy fog several collisions occurred. The ferryboats Princeton and Susquehanna came together in the North River.

THREE colored children locked in by their mother, near Arcadia, La., were burned with the house.

MR. AND MRS. NELSON STEWART, of Millersburg, Ohio, stopped at the Buchtel Hotel, Lima, on their bridal tour. They blew the gas out. About midnight the door to their room was forced open and they were found asphyxiated.

THE mutilated bodies of two men and a boy were found in the Bernard River, near the Texas coast, who were believed to have belonged to a party traveling overland and to have been murdered by their Mexican guide and a partner. The wagon in which they had traveled was found near by, partially burned. A letter was found on one of the bodies addressed to S. C. Gray.

THE Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill, as completed by the House Committee, appropriated about $25,000,000, or $13,000,000 less than last year.

THE President transmitted to the United States Senate Lord Salisbury's note of Sunday, relating to the Bering Sea controversy, together with the rejoinder of this Government, and these were read in secret session and referred.

THE general order issued by the War Department granting furloughs to soldiers who re-enlist, has been revoked.

THE Senate passed a bill to increase the pension of George R. Allen, of St. Lawrence County, N. Y., from $8 to $25 per month. Mr. Allen served in the war of 1812 and is ninety-two years old.

A TRAIN was derailed at Sonsonate, fifty miles southwest of San Salvador. Thirteen persons were killed and thirty-one wounded. It is the most terrible railroad disaster that has ever happened in Central America.

THE great strike on the Canadian Pacific Railway is ended. All the men were reinstated at once, and the wages in dispute are to be referred to a committee from the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, who will decide what the men should be paid. The men consider this a victory.

THE Count of Eulenberg, Grand Marshal of the Imperial Court, has been selected for the Presidency of the Prussian Ministerial Council, and he has accepted the position. It was reported in Parliamentary circles in Berlin that General von Caprivi visited Emperor William in order to recommend Count Eulenberg for the Chancellorship as well as the Prussian Premiership.

JOSIAH RIGBY, aged sixty, died at Mansfield, Penn., after having lived for eighteen years with a broken back.

THE Massachusetts Legislature has fixed the Governor's salary at $8000.

THE American National Bank of Birmingham, Ala., has gone into liquidation.

THE body of Mather B. Dawson, after $15,000 had been expended in a fruitless search, has been discovered in Hutton Lake, near Laramie, Wyoming. His life was insured for $127,000.

GENENRAL STANLEY, of the United States Army, says there will be no further trouble with Garza, in Texas, as the rebel's followers are scattered.

THE North Dakota Democratic State Convention, in session at Grand Forks, sends a Cleveland delegation to the National Convention headed by W. N. Roach, of Grand Forks, twice the Gubernatorial candidate of the party. Every delegate is a Cleveland man.

THE President made the following nominations: Stanton J. Peele, of Indiana, Judge of the Court of Claims, vice Glenni W. Scofield, retired. United States District Judges: William K. Townsend, for District of Connecticut; John B. Rector, Northern District of Texas; John H. Baker, District of Indiana; Ellery P. Ingham, United States Attorney, and Alexander P. Colesberry, Marshal for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

THE banquet tendered by American residents to Minister Whitelaw Reid took place at the Hotel Continental in Paris, France, nearly 200 being present.

DR. VON BOSSE succeeds Count von Zedlitz in the Prussian Cabinet.

KING SACKITY, of Croboc, West Africa, an important ally of the British, is dead.

SIX persons, while returning home in Indian file through the Arconi gorge in Valle del Blois, in Venetia, Italy, were killed by being caught in an avalanche.

THE Japanese elections were attended with frightful disorder in Flandok, and many persons were killed. Count Ito, President of the Privy Council, has resigned.

EATEN BY ANTS.

The Horse Thieves Thought Shooting Too Good for Their Prisoner.

The Indians have always been known for their inhuman ways of torture, but it has remained for a band of Mexican bandits to beat them.

Henry's band of horse thieves raided Henry Withers's ranch on the Garrita River, in Arizona, recently, driving away all his stock. Withers started after the band single handed and succeeded in shooting down three of them from ambush before they discovered that only one man was pursuing them. They succeeded in capturing him as he was trying to get away.

Death was his sentence, but shooting was too easy a death. Withers was taken out on the hot sand beds and left to lie naked for six hours, fully exposed to the sun's rays. This was not enough, and he was then carried, still nude, to a bed of cactus bushes, where he was laid on the sharp points.

He was bound tightly to a stake, and then a large ant hill which was near was torn open with sticks and he was left to his fate. The insects swarmed out and over Withers's body, and within two hours he was dead from their bites. The ants did not leave him alone, however, until every particle of flesh was eaten from his bones.

A prisoner of the band was taken where he could witness the whole affair and was afterward turned loose and told to tell the people that that would be the future punishment of all who tried to kill a member of the band.

DEATH WAS TERRIBLE.

Revelations of the Reopened Farm Hill (Penn.) Coal Mine.

Pitiful Fate of the Thirty-one Entombed Miners.

A dispatch from Dunbar, Penn., says: The dead have been wrested from their untimely tomb, and all that remains now is to accord a burial to the miners who met their fate in the Hill Farm mine at Dunbar, June 16, 1890. At first the bodies of twenty-three of the miners were found, and next day they were brought to the surface for burial.

The bodies found were those of John Mitchell, Daniel Smith, John McCleery, Jim McCleery, Peter Devlin, John Cope, Andrew Cope, James Shearin, Elmer Devoy, John Devanny, Richard Bigley, Daniel McCastinon, John Kiernan, Martin Kavanagh, Patrick Cahill, John Courtney, Patrick Courtney, John Devanny, Jr., James X. Ivy, Thomas Davis, Daniel Davis, James McCune and William Cahill.

The bodies of William Hay, Peter Eagen, Joseph Bigley, Milton Turner and Barney Naust are still in the mine. These latter unfortunates were in the dip at the time of the explosion, and their bodies will not be recovered until all the water is pumped out.

The struggle for life of the entomed miners was as terrible as it was brief. They were suffocated—not burned or starved, and it was improbable that they lived longer than half an hour. There is an unwritten law of protection among miners, by which they rush together at the sound of an explosion, impelled by a common instinct of self-preservation, for together they stand a better chance of fighting for freedom.

So it was with the Hill Farm victims. When found they were huddled in flat No. 1, showing that they rushed deeper into the mine, and that a moment later a scorching breath of death filled the the flat, choking their lungs, bursting their veins and striking them to the earth to linger in horrible torture a few moments and then to die. Six of the miners took refuge in one little room.

When found they were piled on top of one another, contorted in ghastly shapes—heads thrown back, mouths where the lips had fallen away, open, fleshless hands, clenched, and nails scarring the bones of palms—all sickening evidence of a death which was preceded by torture unimaginable.

A short distance away were three miners, two of whom, the brothers McCourtney, were clasped in each other's arms. Their faces were composed. The third man, David Davis—it is supposed this is the man—sat beside them, his head between his knees. He had evidently kept his mouth close to the ground until the last vital breath of air had been exhausted.

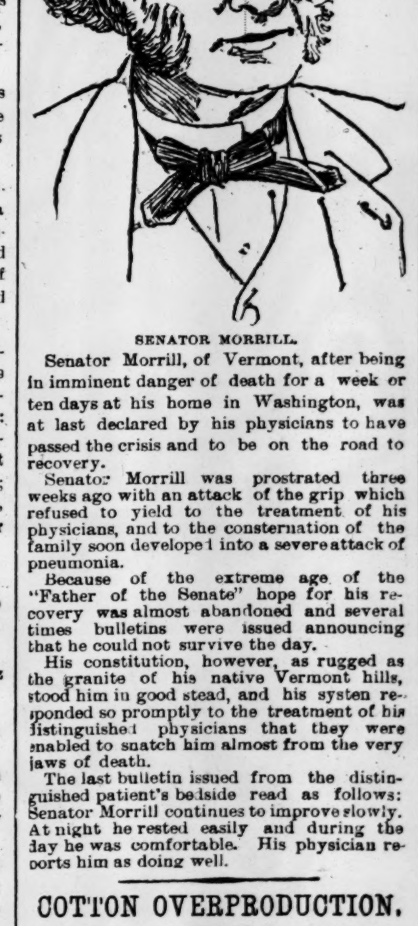
The fourteen other miners were entangled in a space twelve feet square. One had an open knife in his hand as though he intended to kill himself, but was stricken by a more sudden death of suffocation.

Two of the widows of these men have married again and a few others have moved away from the place in which they had felt the great blow that the mine horror brought them.

The search for the bodies has been carried on unremittingly by the owners of the Hill Farm since the awful disaster twenty months ago at a cost of over $100,000. The mine was sealed up and flooded to subdue the fire which followed the explosion, after which months were required to clear the mine of water and the tons of collected debris produced by the fire.

THE CRISIS PASSED.

Senator Morrill, of Vermont, Declared Out of Danger.



SENATOR MORRILL.

Senator Morrill, of Vermont, after being in imminent danger of death for a week or ten days at his home in Washington, was at last declared by his physicians to have passed the crisis and to be on the road to recovery.

Senator Morrill was prostrated three weeks ago with an attack of the grip which refused to yield to the treatment of his physicians, and to the consternation of the family soon developed into a severe attack of pneumonia.

Because of the extreme age of the "Father of the Senate" hope for his recovery was almost abandoned and several times bulletins were issued announcing that he could not survive the day.

His constitution, however, as rugged as the granite of his native Vermont hills, stood him in good stead, and his systen responded so promptly to the treatment of his distinguished physicians that they were enabled to snatch him almost from the very jaws of death.

The last bulletin issued from the distinguished patient's bedside read as follows: Senator Morrill continues to improve slowly. At night he rested easily and during the day he was comfortable. His physician reports him as doing well.

COTTON OVERPRODUCTION.

Report of the Statistician of the Department of Agriculture.

The March report of the Statistician of the Department of Agriculture shows that the production of cotton of the world exceeded the consumption more than a million and a half of bales in 1890, and further greatly enlarges the excess in 1891, glutting the markets, increasing visible stocks during the past year more than one million one hundred thousand bales, and reducing the Liverpool price of middling upland from 6 1-16d. in January, 1890, to 4 1/8d. in January, 1892.

It states that in two years this country has produced an excess above normal requirements of more than two million bales, and indicates a heavy reduction in breadth as the only possible remedy, otherwise the agriculture of the South will suffer worse than Western agriculture ever has.

It declares that the Cotton States must be agriculturally self sustaining; that new crops must be introduced, as the agricultural population has outgrown the capacity of cotton to support it.

"BUCKSKIN JENNIE," a conspicuous character among the Indian tribes about Del Norte, Cal., is dead. She was thought to have committed a number of murders among her own countrymen and the whites, but the crimes could not be traced to her. Jennie would shoulder a rifle and go on the warpath with as much nerve as any of her brothers and was as quick on the trigger as any of them.

OWING to continued drought the Bolivian wheat crop is a failure. It is feared that great distress will prevail all this year throughout the Republic.

THE LABOR WORLD.

THE Crede (Col.) miners get $3 a day.

THERE are 30,000 cash girls in New York.

SIEMENS steel is to be manufactured in India.

GREAT BRITAIN produces 10,000,000 tons of furnace slag annually.

A FORGE and gun company at San Francisco, Cal., will employ 4000.

THE European Powers have taken measures for the relief of the unemployed.

THE shoemaking business in California is controlled almost entirely by Chinese.

IT is said that there are 5,000,000 women in Germany who earn their own living.

THE New York Central is soon to build car shops costing $500,000 at Buffalo, N. Y.

MANY iron and steel furnaces in Pittsburg, Penn., are being cooled off, owing to the overstock.

THERE exist in Russia no laborers' associations comparable to the trade unions of other countries.

MR. WINANS, the Superintendent of Public Instruction in Kansas, was formerly a bricklayer in Atchison. He built his own fortune.

RAILWAY schools for children of railway employes are maintained by the railway companies of India at a very small expense to the pupils.

A STATISTICIAN has estimated that every worker in an American factory consumes over $90 worth of American agricultural produce in a year.

THE workmen employed to dig out the ruins of a cheese factory destroyed by fire at Pittsburg, Penn., struck for higher wages because of the bad smell.

THE wheat harvest in the Argentine Republic this season is said to be so great that much difficulty is being experienced in obtaining labor to gather it.

IN Germany 27,485 children between twelve and fourteen years worked in the factories in 1890; in England 86,499 under thirteen years were employed.

WORKING days are of very unequal lengths in Russia, varying from six to twenty hours, the average given in the report as an estimate being not less than twelve hours. The rule is so indefinite, however, that there is never any claim of overtime possible.

INTERESTING information upon the unwillingness of the working class to subscribe in early life for an old-age pension is afforded by a great English firm of cotton spinners. They offered to subscribe $5000 to a pension fund on condition that the work people subscribed upon an acturial scale, but this proposal was rejected by a vote of more than two to one.

MUCH suffering has been caused in Queensland by stagnation of industries. In one day 400 women and children besieged the Labor Bureau in Brisbane begging for relief. The crush was so great that many fainted. Husbands have gone into the country seeking work, leaving their families destitute, and the women and children are dependent upon the Government for food to keep them alive.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

MARYLAND is full of wild ducks.

THERE are over 5000 silos in Wisconsin.

THE great lakes are open for navigation.

YELLOW fever is raging at Brazilian ports.

THE financial condition of Italy is improving.

THE number of postmistresses in the country is 6335.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, is having a natural gas boom.

THE Tiber has inundated the lower parts of Rome, Italy

THE Bengal (India) cotton trade has almost collapsed.

Two armed United States cutters are to be placed on the lakes.

THE Yaquilas Indians, of California, are again on the warpath.

THE annual revenue from salt in the East Indies is about $35,000,000.

THE foot and mouth disease is spreading among the cattle in Belgium.

GREECE is reported to be in a state of popular excitement bordering on revolution.

THE plot to assassinate the Sultan of Turkey has been traced to Russian sources.

THE Southern California orange crop is a total failure owing to frost and heavy winds.

THERE are at present thirty-four vacancies of cadetships at the Annapolis Naval Academy.

GENERAL O. O. HOWARD, who is making a tour of Mexico, says the Garza insurrection is a small affair.

A "WHALE BACK" steamer 500 feet long, to carry passengers, will be built for the World's Fair, Chicago, Ill.

THE Governor-General of Canada issued a proclamation enfranchising the Indian population in British Columbia.

EIGHT German publications have been suspended for commenting on Emperor William's Brandenburg speech.

A SECOND army of locusts from Chile has been frozen to death in its attempt to cross the Vica Mountains into Bolivia.

DISTRESS by the drought is increasing in India. In many districts the water is failing and the condition of cattle is serious.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WANAMAKER offers a gold medal to the railway postal clerk in each of the seven divisions who makes the best record in 1892.

ACCORDING to official reports, no less than fifty-two schooners have cleared, or are about to clear from Victoria, British Columbia, for the purpose of capturing seals in our forbidden territory.

THE Senators and Representatives who went to Kentucky to attend the funeral of the late Congressman Kendall were compelled to ride twenty-five miles through a blinding snow storm over a mountain road and wade through streams in weather so cold that their food was frozen. Their lives were often in peril.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

The Chief of the Bureau of Statistics Trade Bulletin.

The Chief of the Bureau of Statistics reports that the total values of the exports of merchandise from the United States during the two, eight and twelve months ended February, 1892, as compared with similar exports during the corresponding periods of the preceding year, were as follows:

Two months ended with February, 1892, $186,776,433; 1891, $157,506,308. Eight months ended with February, 1892, $747,901,628; 1891, $622,602,667. Twelve months ended with February, 1892, $999,779,771; 1891, $869,319,882.

The values of the imports were as follows: Two months ended with February, 1892, $128,101,523; 1891, $128,280,232. Eight months ended with February, 1892, $527,776,444; 1891, $540,550,406. Twelve months ended with February, 1892, $828,142,234; 1891, $825,193,035.

ALDERMEN INDICTED.

Charged With Bribery and Conspiracy to Do an Unlawful Act.

Indictments were returned by the Grand Jury, in Chicago, Ill., against the following Aldermen: W. J. O'Brien, D. R. O'Brien, N. A. Creamer, Patrick J Gorman, Philip Jackson, Stephen M. Gosselin John F Dorman. The charge against W. J. O'Brien and Powers is bribery, and against the others conspiracy to do an unlawful act.

Before the Grand Jury Alderman Roth named Aldermen O'Brien and Powers as the men who paid him the boodle for voting for the Northern Pacific and Economic Gas ordinances. He received $1750 as his share. The accused men were arrested and each released on $13,000 bail.

TRAPPERS in Oregon and Washington report that fur-bearing animals are very numerous this winter, the beaver especially.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

GOLD AND PAPER MONEY.

One of the reasons gold is preferred as the absolute money standard by the great commercial nations is because of its stability of value. It does not go up or down as does wheat, or corn, or pork, or other articles. Its fluctuations are extremely slow, because of the fact that it is the world's coin metal, and the *only* money metal used in international exchange. This gives it a fixity of value such as no other article has.

A piece of pure gold weighing 23.22 grains is not money, but it is worth a dollar. The stamping of it as a coin certifies that it contains a dollar's worth of gold, and makes it money—but does nothing more. With regard to paper money, it is not money at all unless it is a promise to pay coin. Paper money is preferred only because of its convenience; but it must take its value from its promise to pay its face in *coin*, on demand.

TO THE POINT.

Ask a lawyer if he would like all those engaged in other occupations or professions to become lawyers and compete with him, and he will quickly answer No. Ask a merchant whether he would not be glad to see those who are now manufacturers or importers change their business and become merchants too, and he will speedily express his disapprobation of any such scheme. Yet the free traders want to make us a nation of agriculturists and they ask farmers to hail with joy a system that would transform all those who are now his customers into his competitors.

COME TO STAY.

Republican reciprocity, the passkey to the trade of other nations, is one of the most successful political policies ever adopted by a party, and to-day commends the admiration of the nation and the world. Naturally it excites the envy and hatred of the Democrats, who make vain attempts to belittle it, having no good policy of their own, But they cannot harm it. It has come to stay.

The Bland free coinage silver bill if enacted into law, would throw our country and its commerce out of relation with every other country in the world, because it would destroy the recognized standard of value and increase the peril of every commercial operation at home and abroad.

The CAROLINIAN believes the time has come when the true policy of the South is the protective tariff. No other policy will so effectually aid her in developing her agricultural, material, mechanical and manufacturing wealth. Hence, as a true friend of the South, the CAROLINIAN advocates protection,

Young Mr. Hoar and young Mr. Williams were veally youths when they entered the present Congress from Massachusetts. But the unkind remarks about their ambitious efforts to bore a two-inch hole in the ship of State with a gimlet must tend to age them prematurely.

The CAROLINIAN favors an International money Congress. Our money must be as good as any in the world, and it is emphatically for the interest of honest labor and honest commerce that there should be a fixed general standard of relative value between gold and silver.

The Democratic loss in the recent Supervisors' elections in New York was 30 per cent. A man may not be much of a mathematician to understand that this signifies a substantial Republican majority in November.

Every patriotic American citizen will heartily support the Administration in its determination to make use of our Naval resources in the Pacific to protect the seals of the Alaskan fisheries from extermination by Canadian pirates.

The Supreme Court of Wisconsin has given a righteous decision, declaring that the Democratic gerrymander of Senate and Assembly districts is unconstitutional. The Supreme Court consists of three Democrats and two Republicans.

What has the Democratic majority in the House of Representatives done during the last four months? Where are the "reforms?"

Holman and Kilgore would make a striking Presidential team. Such a ticket would kick at both ends.

Senator Hill's speeches make excellent burying ground for his private opinions on public questions.

Most of the electoral vote tables made up by Democratic carpenters are very wobbly in the legs.

"Dodge every issue" seems to be the Democratic watchword.

MORE PERTINENT FACTS.

In 1891, during the seven months ending January 31, the exports of steam engines from the United States to Cuba amounted in value to only $1,459,887. In 1892, during the corresponding period, after the benefits of Republican reciprocity had begun to be felt, our exports of steam engines to that country amounted in value to $2,273,707. *Another result of Republican reciprocity.*

In 1891, during the twelve months ending with February, the exports of merchandise from the United States amounted in value only to $869,319 882. In 1892, after the benefits of Republican protection had begun to be felt, during the corresponding period, our exports of merchandise amounted to $999,779, 771. *This increase was caused by Republican protection.*

SCIENCE IN DETECTIVE WORK.

In this scientific age the mechanical inventions of man not only promote human happiness and prosperity, but is now used as detecters of crime. An exceedingly interesting instance of the latter recently occurred in Chicago by which the evidence against the beodle Aldermen was obtained. The report states:

The Aldermen's place of meeting and plotting was a room in the rear of a saloon. The detectives rented the room immediately above this meeting place. A hole was bored in the ceiling and a microphone was used, and so the detectives could see and hear all that was done or said by the boodlers below, whose conversation was taken down by a stenographer.

The latest Behring sea news is interesting, possibly exciting, but it is not "warlike." It is merely business like.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, March 26, 1892.

The President's backbone is made of true blue American material When he received Lord Salisbury's evasive answer to his plain request for information as to what Great Britain proposed to do in regard to the preservation of the sealing industry in Behring Sea, he sent what is in effect an ultimatum to the British government. So much is known, although the text of neither Lord Salisbury's dispatch nor the answer thereto has been made public, but both are in possession of the Senate. Opinion differs somewhat as to the effect these dispatches will have on the arbitration treaty, some believing that the Senate will refuse to ratify the treaty, and others that the treaty will be ratified, but accompanied with a resolution stating that there does not appear to be any sufficient reason why the United States should abate its claims to jurisdiction pending arbitration and authorizing the President to use all the force of the military arm of the government to protect our rights The adoption of such a resolution would be next door to a declaration of war, indeed Great Britain might easily accept it as such, if she wishes for a war with this country.

The big silver fight is over, for the present anyway. The anti-free coinage made the best showing in the oratorical line, but when it came to voting they were not "in it" with the free coinage men. It is now said that Speaker Crisp made pledges, as to the make-up of the Coinage committee and the committee on Rules as well as to his own action in the chair, while the democratic causus for the nomination of Speaker was in session, the last of which he has filled to the letter, this week.

Representative Dingley, of Maine, believes that the sub-letting of contracts for carrying the mails is an evil of large proportions and he proposes that Congress shall declare it illegal, and backs up his proposition with a numerously signed petition asking that it be done.

The Senate this week passed an independent bill appropriating $18,750,000 for the improvement of the Mississippi river, in accordance with the plans of the Mississippi River Commission, not more than $3,750,000 to be expended in a single year. Only five Senators voted against the bill, Call, Kyle, Perkins, Pugh and Vance. This bill has no connection with the river and harbor bill which has been completed by the House committee, and which carries nearly $21,000,000 of appropriations

If there be any truth in rumors Senator Hill has not profited by getting knocked down by the House Election committee which, in spite of his orders to the contrary, reported in favor of giving the seat now held by Rockwell, of New York, to Col Noyes, the republican contestant, and he will make the Tammany members fight the report of the committee on the floor of the House. It he does he will regret it the longest day he lives, as the Cleveland democrats would ask nothing better than such an opportunity to show up the methods of Hill.

Murfreesboro Index says: The election in Winston township on Tuesday for the purpose of subscribing $25,000 to the proposed Norfolk, Wilmington and Charleston railroad was carried in favor of subscription by a majority of 74.

It Should be in Every House.

J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay st, Sharpsburg, Pa, says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with pneumonia after an attack of la grippe, when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cooksport, Pa, claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for lung trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Free trial bottles at Alex. Wadsworth's drug store, Large bottles 50c and $1.

For Free Traders to Answer.

New York Press.

Why is it that 45 per cent, or nearly one-half of the persons who reach the age of 60 in England are or have been paupers?

Why has the United States in the last ten years added 1,000,000 wage earners to those engaged in manufacturing occupations?

Why has woolen manufacturing in the United States grown $77,046,752 in the last ten years?

Why should we give up a home market worth $13,000,000,000 for foreign markets worth less than $1,500,000,000?

Why has the foreign price of tin plate decreased of late about as much as the duty has increased?

Why did John Bright admit that under free trade the English farmer lost in recent years over $1,000,000,000?

Why have the number of workmen employed in the iron and steel industries in Germany increased since the return to protection 40 per cent, the wages paid 57 per cent and the average paid to each workman 16.4 per cent?

Why do 32 per cent of the children of British workmen in London go to school every morning without breakfast—as the *Daily Telegraph* admits?

Look out for counterfeits! See that you get the genuine Salvation Oil! Do not let the dealer sell you some "just as good," but insist upon getting the genuine with the Bull's Head trade-mark on the wrapper.

I found Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup to be a most effectual remedy and feel sure that the most stubborn cough and cold will yield to its healing influence, FRANK S. PRICE, New Orleans, La.

If you are troubled with dyspepsia, stomach disorder or liver and kidney complaint try P P P and you will rejoice at its magical workings. Females are peculiarly benefited by P P P. It expels disease and gives healthy action to every organ.

Lost manhood; Lost energy, weakness, general debility are all cured by P P P. New life, new energy are entused in the system by the blood purifying and cleansing properties of P P P, the greatest blood purifier of the age

How's Your Wife.

Does she feel poorly all the time, suffer from lack of energy, and a general "no-account" listless enervation? She needs a tonic. Something is wrong with her blood. Run for a doctor? Not at all, my dear sir. Get her a bottle of P P P (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium), the very best Woman's Regulator and Tonic extant It reaches the source of trouble quietly and quickly, and before you know it your wife will be another woman, and will bless the kind fate that brought P P P to her notice and relief. Our best physicians indorse and recommend it, and no well conducted household where pure blood and its concomitant happiness is appreciated, should be without it. For sale by reputable medicine dealers everywhere.

Health brings happiness. Take Simmons Liver Regulator for stomach, liver and kidney troubles.

From the auditor's report it appears that the negroes own about 3 per cent of the real estate of North Carolina. They pay nearly 28 per cent of the poll tax. The aggregate value of real and personal property listed for taxation is $262,796,816, of which $8,018,446 is by colored people.

Coughs and colds kept off by taking Simmons Liver Regulation to regulate the system.

LITERARY NOTICES.

Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly For April is at hand. Naval topics are prominent in this number. The opening paper is a profusely illustrtaed account of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, by Thomas Stinson Jarvis. "Chili and Modern Naval Warfare" presents some spirited pictures by an English eyewitness, of the principal engagements in the Chilian revolution of last year, which taught the world all it knows about the practice and condition of marine warfare with the new ironclad vessels and improved armaments. Capt. H. D. Smith, U. S. N, writes of "Henlopen and its Hidden Treasures;" Arthur Hornblow of "Some Representative American Dramatists;" "Cities of the Dead," "A Day with the Round-up," "Some North German Towns," and "Old English Porcelain" are other subjects interestingly described and illustrated; while short stories and poems are contributed by Lucy Hooper, Olive Harper, C. M. Harger, David Ker Belle Hunt, Clas. C. Crandall, Madison Cawein, Henry Tyrrell and others.

Why suffer with dyspepsia, biliousness or any disease of the liver when you can be cured by Simmons Liver Regulator.

The Farmers' Alliance of Wake county, which is the leading Alliance of this State, has adopted resolutions to have the cotten acreage reduced not less than 15 per cent in 1892, to what it was in 1891, and to increase the acreage for food and home supplies at a corresponding rate.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

AN old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Send by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.

I used Simmons Liver Regulator for indigestion with immediate relief.—O. G. Sparks, ex-Mayor, Macon, Ga.

The Colored A. and M. College Goes to Greensboro.

News & Observer, 24 inst.

The board of trustees of the A. and M College held a meeting at the office of W. H. Pace, esq. Propositions were heard from Wilmington, Raleigh, Greensboro and Winston to locate the college at those respective points. The decision was in favor of Greensboro. Her offer was $8,000 in cash, to be turned over in thirty days, and $3,000 additional to be given by June 1st, 1893, after a vote to be taken by the city upon a subscription of $11,000 for that purpose.

There were present W. H. Pace chairman; W. H. McClure, J. M. Early, W B. McCoy, Hugh Cale, John S. Leary, C. H Moore.

LADIES

Needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It is pleasant; cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness, Liver Complaints and Neuralgia.

LIPPMAN'S PYRAFUGE. A SURE CURE FOR CHILLS & FEVER DUMB AGUE AND MALARIA

LIPPMAN BROS., Proprietors, Druggists, Lippman's Block, SAVANNAH GA.

P P P CURES SCROFULA. P P P CURES BLOOD POISON. P P P CURES RHEUMATISM. P P P CURES MALARIA. P P P CURES DYSPEPSIA. P P P CURES SYPHILIS.

LIPPMAN BROS. PROPRIETORS DRUGGISTS SAVANNAH GEORGIA

KAYTON'S OIL OF LIFE

The BEST LINIMENT in the WORLD CURES PAINS IN THE BACK, JOINTS, SIDE, & ALSO RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, HEADACHE, &c.

KAYTON'S OIL OF LIFE IS AN OLD GERMAN LINIMENT, & Expels pain quickly.

LIPPMAN BROS., SAVANNAH, GA., SOLE AGENTS IN THE U. S.

ABBOTT'S EAST INDIAN CORN PAINT REMOVES CORNS, BUNIONS AND WARTS SPEEDILY AND WITHOUT PAIN.

LIPPMAN BROS. DRUGGISTS PROPS. SAVANNAH, GA

—FOR SALE BY—

GRIGGS & CARTWRIGHT

AND

ALEX. WADSWORTH.

POLITICAL.

PASQUOTANK REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

There will be a Convention of the Republicans of Pasquotank County held at the Court House in Elizabeth, N. C., on Monday, April 11th, 1892, for the purpose of electing delegates to the State and District Conventions,

J. S. WILCOX, Chairman.

March 23, 1892.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

A Convention of the Republicans of the First Congressional District of North Carolina is hereby called to convene at Elizabeth City, N. C., on Thursday, the 5th of May, 1892, at 3 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of electing two delegates and alternates to the National Republican Convention at Minneapolis on the 7th of June 1892, and transacting such other business as may be deemed expedient.

GEO. W. COBB, Chairman.

GEO. E. BUCKMAN, Sec'y.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A Convention of the Republicans of North Carolina is hereby called to meet in the city of Raleigh on the 14th day of April, 1892 at 12 M, for the purpose of electing four delegates and four alternates from the State at large to the National Republican Convention to be held at Minneapolis on June 7th, 1892.

Each county will be entitled to two delegates for each member of the lower House of the General Assembly.

F. T. WALSER, Sec'y. J. B. EAVES, Ch'm'n

SEEDS 12 pkt's Flower 10c. 12 pkt's Vegetable 30c. 6 Dahlias 50c. 10 Gladiolus 30c. All $1. Half 50c. Price List FREE. BEST-CHEAPEST H. F. BURT, Taunton, Mass.

$3000 A YEAR! I will make to briefly teach any fairly intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to earn Three Thousand Dollars a Year in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation or employment at which you can earn that amount. No money for me unless successful as above. Easily and quickly learned. I desire but one worker from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number, who are making over $3000 a year each. It's NEW and SOLID. Full particulars FREE. Address at once, E. C. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER DISEASE: Loss of appetite; bad breath; bad taste in the mouth; tongue coated; pain under the shoulder-blade; in the back or side—often mistaken for rheumatism; sour stomach with flatulency and water-brash; indigestion; bowels lax and costive by turns; headache, with dull, heavy sensation; restlessness, with sensation of having left something undone which ought to have been done; fullness after eating; bad temper; blues; tired feeling; yellow appearance of skin and eyes; dizziness, etc.

Not all, but always some of these indicate want of action of the Liver. For

A Safe, Reliable Remedy

that can do no harm and has never been known to fail to do good,

Take Simmons Liver Regulator

—AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR—

Malaria, Bowel Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Kidney Affections, Jaundice, Mental Depression, Colic.

A PHYSICIAN'S OPINION.

"I have been practicing medicine for twenty years and have never been able to put up a vegetable compound that would, like Simmons Liver Regulator, promptly and effectually move the Liver to action, and at the same time aid (instead of weakening) the digestive and assimilative powers of the system."

L. M. HINTON, M. D., Washington, Ark.

ONLY GENUINE

Has our Z Stamp in red on front of wrapper.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION. "E. CITY BRICK WORKS."

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA: } In the Su-
Pasquotank County. } perior Cr't

The annexed plan of incorporation of the "E. CITY BRICK WORKS" has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Pasquotank County, and the execution thereof having been proven by the oath and examination of T. G. Skinner the subscribing witness thereto, and the same duly recorded in Book of Incorporation, page 84, the tax of twenty-five dollars and the Clerk's cost of three dollars having been paid as required by the statute in such cases provided.

Now, therefore, by virtue of authority vested in me by section six hundred and seventy-nine of the Code of North Carolina and the amendments thereto, I, John P. Overman, Clerk of the Superior Court of Pasquotank county, hereby declare M. N. Sawyer, C. J. Ward; M D. Gregory, L. W. Norman and A. F. Riddick, the persons named in the articles of agreement for said incorporation, and their successors, duly incorporated under the name and style of the "E. City Brick Works" for the period of twenty years from this date, for the purpose set forth in their articles of agreement, to-wit: For the purpose of making Brick, the purchasing or leasing of land and all other acts necessary to carry on the business of making and selling bricks.

Their place of business shall be Elizabeth City, N. C, Their capital stock is twenty-five hundred dollars; number of shares fifty and the value of each share fifty dollars.

No stockholder shall in any event be liable to a creditor or otherwise individually over and above the amount of his stock in said corporation.

Witness my hand and official seal this 24th day of March, 1892.

J. P. OVERMAN, Clerk Superior Court

GRAND SALE —OF— TOWN LOTS —IN— Elizabeth City, N.C.

THE IMPROVEMENT COMPANY OF ELIZABETH CITY, OFFER EIGHTY-FIVE LOTS, ALL LOCATED in the corporate limits, at the uniform price of $140 each, $10 CASH and $10 each month until paid, WITHOUT INTEREST. These Lots are the most desirable and best located of any offered for sale in the City, beginning on Main St., only four squares from the Court House. Each Lot is now worth more than the price, and many of them two, three and four times the price.

In this sale the Company reserve every alternate lot for sale privately.

The entire net proceeds of this sale is to be expended in improvements on the property.

SITES FOR FACTORIES

located on the Norfolk & Southern R. R which passes through the Company's property, will be GIVEN AWAY.

Plans and full particulars of distribution of Lots furnished on application.

Buy a Lot! Don't Get Left!

E. F. AYDLETT, President; T. G. SKINNER, Vice President; G. M. SCOTT, Sec. & Treasurer,

DIRECTORS:—E. F. AYDLETT, C. H. ROBINSON, T. G. SKINNER, D. S. KRAMER, J. B. PINNER, G. M. SCOTT, T. S. WHITE.

For further information apply to the Company or to N. F. Vowles & Co., Real Estate Agents, Elizabeth City, N. C.

A GREAT SAVING FOR FARMERS!

We are now manufacturing STEAM GROUND OYSTER SHELL MEAL which is the cheapest and best article for corn, potatoes, peanuts, cabbage, tobacco etc. as the following testimonials will show:

Mr. Enoch Spates, of this county, says: "I got some of your steam ground shell meal for my cotton I put it at the rate of four hundred pounds to the acre for a test. I planted a few rows and put my best horse stable manure and muck, and a few rows with your steamed oyster shell meal, and a few rows with $28 guano. The difference was but little, I could not tell unless I knew, but the oyster shell meal opened sooner and nicer. I shall use your steamed oyster shell meal hereafter; it is as good and will last longer, and I can get nearly 3 tons for one of the Phosphate or Guano."

Mr. J, F. Whitehead, also of this county, says; "I got some of your steam ground oyster shell meal to try on my land. I planted one barrel of Irish potatoes and my neighbor, Jesse Simpson, planted one side by side, on the same kind of soil. Mr. Simpson used horse stable manure and muck, and I used steam shell meal and to my surprise I get eleven barrels more from my barrel than Mr, Simpson did. So I will give you an order for 5 tons of your steamed ground shell meal."

Mr. J. N, Winslow, of Woodville, Perquimans county, says: "I tried some of your steam ground oyster shell meal on my crops this year and I found it the best thing I used yet. You will have my order before long for next crop."

Mr. J. J Cahoon, of Tyrrell county, says: "I have tried your steam ground oyster shell meal for my cotton this year I left a space through the field where I used other fertilizers on each side I used the shell meal; where the shell was put is so much better that I will give ten dollars to any man that can't see the difference mile off and it is cheaper and will last longer and open early."

Mr. F, N. Hussey, of Gum Neck, says "I have tried some of ground shell meal or lime on my corn and cotton and it proved far beyond my expectation."

PRICE ONLY $10 PER TON

We are also prepared to grind corn w the cob. Write or call on the undersigned at Elizabeth City, N. C.

N. R. ZIMMERMAN & CO.

FISH ADVERTISEMENTS.

HENRY C. ROGERS —WITH— Willis H. Rogers,

Wholesale Commission



FISH DEALER, 106 FULTON MARKET, —NEW YORK.—

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

Stencils ready at a moment's notice

SHIP YOUR SHAD AND OTHER CHOICE FISH TO CALEB HALEY & CO

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of FRESH FISH.



14 Fulton Fish Market, NEW YORK.

WRITE FOR STENCILS AND STATIONERY

J. H HARRIS Traveling Agent

H. M. ROGERS. A. M. ROGERS

H. M. ROGERS & CO,



No. 11 Fulton Wholesale Fish Market New York.

SPECIALTY IN BLUE-FISH & SHAD

N. B. WE PAY NO COMMISSION ON CONSIGNMENTS.

Reference: Gurkin & Co

ESTABLISHED 1860.

SAM'L M. LAWDER & SON,

Wholesale Commission Dealers in

FRESH FISH,



Soft Crabs, Tarrapin, &c.

S. E. Cor. Pratt & Charles Streets, BALTIMORE, MD.

Promptness our motto.

S. L. STORER & CO.

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

Fresh Fish,



Lobsters, Turtle, &c.

No. 19, Fulton Fish Market, NEW YORK.

Stencils and Stationary furnished on application.

FULTON FISH CO.

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

FRESH FISH,



TERRAPIN &C., &C.

15 Fulton Fish Market, New York.

A. J. G. WERNER, N. N. GESNER. MANAGERS.

Shad a specialty, No Agents,

DAVENPORT & MORRIS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS

And Dealers in Fish, RICHMOND, VA

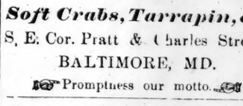
Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Caroina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer



In Fresh Fish, Lobsters Etc., Etc:

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty No Agents.

ARIEL CYCLE FOR MEN AND THE TITANIA (The Queen of Fairies) FOR LADIES. STRICTLY HIGHEST GRADE



DIAMOND FRAME

CUSHION AND PNEUMATIC TIRES

WARRANTY WITH EVERY WHEEL

SEND YOUR ADDRESS FOR CATALOGUE

ARIEL CYCLE MFG. CO., GOSHEN, IND.



Wash your face,
Wash your hands,
Wash your head,
Wash your beard,
Wash babies heads,
Wash out stains,
Wash away dandruff,
Wash away pimples,
Wash away freckles,
Wash yourself with

KO-KO JELLY Toilet Soap

For Pure White Skin.

PREPARED ONLY BY E. L. BALDWIN & CO., 14 PARK PLACE, DETROIT, MICH.

AGENTS WANTED, SALARY OR COMMISSION; SAMPLES MAILED FREE.

EXCELLENT COFFEE

THE exquisite taste and flavor of Vienna Coffee of Coffee so one part of

EMIL SEELIG'S KAFFEE

This is the best, cheapest and most healthful coffee mixture.

A DELICIOUS BEVERAGE

TRY IT!

Ask Your Grocer for It.

SAMPLE BY MAIL FREE.

Address, Sole Agents for U. S.

ROSENSTEIN BROS.

317 and 319 Greenwich Street, NEW YORK.

FAVORITE SINGER!

Warranted for Five Years.

LOW ARM ONLY $20



HIGH ARM $25.00.

OUR FAVORITE SINGER

Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers

Sent on trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commission. Get New Machines. Address for Circulars and Testimonials.

Co-Operative Sewing Machine Company, 260 S. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

DIXIE PERFECTION BAKING POWDER TRADE MARK

PURE CREAM-TARTAR POWDER

ENDORSED BY PROF A. L. METZ, P. H. C,

of Medical Department Tulane University of Louisiana, who, after a careful analysis, pronounces it a pure Cream Tartar Powder, which he cheerfully recommends to the public.

"THE SOUTHERN FAVORITE"

PURE, WHOLESOME AND POWERFUL.

You Want It. Ask Grocer For It.

GULF MFG. CO., NEW ORLEANS, LA.

PURE SHEET

ROOFING.

Metallic Weather Boarding, Complete Ceilings, Corrugated Sheeting, Roofing Paints, Iron Roofing,

Eave Troughs, Gutters and Spouting.

All forms of Sheet Metal for Building (COMPLETE AND READY TO APPLY WHEN SHIPPED.)

WE WANT AN AGENT

In this town—an energetic workman to take orders and APPLY our materials in this vicinity.

Correspondence solicited; write for prices and terms.

SCOTT & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio. ESTABLISHED 1872.

CREOLE CORN CURE.

Genl. Beauregard says:

New Orleans, Nov. 4, 1890.

"Applications of Dr. Jno. F. Murphy's CREOLE CORN CURE to my corns last March cured all but one corn; after my return lately from the North, applications to this one have eradicated it."

Signed, G. T. BEAUREGARD

A Guaranteed Cure for Hard and Soft Corns, Bunions and Callosities. Price 15c.

Cures Ingrowing Nails in the most aggravated form. Price 50c.

CREOLE INGROWING NAIL CURE.

The directions for the treatment and care of the nails are alone worth the money.

SWEATY FEET. For offensive perspiration of the feet and arm-pits, and itching eruptions of the feet and body, and soft corns, CREOLE PERSPIRATION POWDER is a guaranteed and harmless cure. PRICE 50c.

For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.

MANUFACTURED BY Dr. JNO. F. MURPHY, CHIROPODIST AND MANICURE, 15 BARONNE STREET, NEW ORLEANS.

SELF-CLOSING OILY WASTE CAN



A PLACE FOR EVERYTHING

EVERYTHING IN ITS PLACE

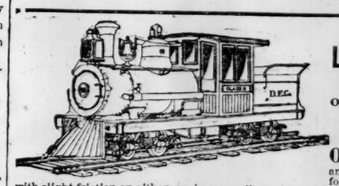
GREAT FIRE PRECAUTION A NECESSITY

In the Factory, Engine Room, Machine Shop, Plumbers' and Painters' Shops, and any place where oily waste or shavings are used. They are acknowledged by all to be the best thing for the purpose ever invented.

SEND FOR PRICES AT ONCE

Frank E. Fitts M'f'g & Supply Co., 76-78 Pearl Street, Boston.

THREE POINTS Pozzoni's COMPLEXION POWDER: SAFE; CURATIVE; BEAUTIFYING. 1.2.3. THREE TINTS White, Flesh, Brunette. POZZONI'S All Druggists and Fancy Stores.



GILBERT LOGGING ENGINE FOR ALL DUTIES.

On Logging and Mining Tramways

UNEQUALED

On rough roads, heavy grades, and short curves, Built any gauge, for any service, to burn coal or wood and for either wood or iron rails. Runs where others fail.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue of Tramway Locomotives, Cars, etc.

DUNKIRK ENGINEERING CO., - Dunkirk, N. Y.

ALL IN ONE INVALID CHAIR, COT AND HAMMOCK.

For the Camp, Lawn, Veranda, Parlor, Office and Library. ALWAYS IN PLACE.

It adjusts automatically at will of occupant to any position; a slight effort of the hand will keep it swinging.

The head, back, limbs and feet are all supported, giving perfect comfort and rest. Ask your furniture dealer to show you a sample.

It is easily folded and occupies very small space.

TO INTRODUCE THIS CHAIR, we will sell one direct to you for $8.00.

KENNEDY, BENNETT & CO. MANSFIELD, O.



SALVATION OIL
TRADE MARK
KILLS ALL PAIN. 25 C. A BOTTLE

BULL'S COUGH SYRUP
For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Croup, Hoarseness, Asthma, Incipient Consumption, Whooping-Cough Bronchitis, and for the relief of Consumptive persons. At all dealers. 25 cts.

Dr. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP
CURES COUGHS & COLDS FOR 25 ¢

SALVATION OIL
Price only 25 Cts. Sold by all dealers.
Will relieve Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Lumbago, Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Sores, Burns, Cuts, Wounds, Scalds, Backache, etc.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote!—Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners C. W. Overman, E. F. Aydlett, L. P. Etheridge, J. F. Snell and Elisha Overton. Clerk—J. W. Albertson jr. Treasurer—Geo. M. Scott. Constable and Collector—Thomas Spires. Attorney—W. J. Griffin. Collector of Customs—Palemon John. Postmaster—C. Gurkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays of each month at corner of Road and Church streets.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M. Jordan, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor.

COLORED. Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Faulk, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. W. W. Griggs W. M., D. B. Bradford Sec'y, and D. S. Kramer Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—W. S. Whitson, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum: Fiber Creek Council, No. 1209—Fred. Davis, Regent; M. B. Culpepper Secretary, C. E. Kramer, Treas.

American Legion of Honor: J. D. Fulcher, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Burgess, Dictator; Wm. Towe, Reporter; Ed. Davis, Treasurer.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

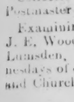
Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lister, Elliott Whitehurst, Rufus Scott, M. W. Butkins. Sheriff, Tho's P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education. W. J. Griffin, R. B. Creecy jr., and S. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep.

—MISCELLANEOUS.—

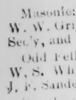
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Attorney-at-Law.
ELIZABETH CITY, - N. C.
Collections promptly made.
Will practice in State and Federal Courts

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OFFICE IN THE CAROLINIAN BUILDING,
ELIZABETH CITY, - N. C.

J. W. ALBERTSON. J. W. ALBERTSON JR.
J. W. ALBERTSON & SON,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law.
Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER
2d door North of Poindexter Street Bridge, near the Depot
Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

GEO. W. BELL.
Gun-Smith,
At the Old Stand on Road Street
ELIZABETH City, N. C.

F. M. COOK,

JEWELER.
East Main Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Fred Davis,
DEALER IN COAL

COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
All Orders filled Promptly.
All coal is screened before leaving the yard, Lowest prices guaranteed.
Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C

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Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for *Moderate Fees.*
OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents" with names of actual clients in any State sent free. Address,
C. A. Snow & Co.
OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,
Washington, D. C.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, March 30, 1892.

☞ What a cold March it has been!

☞ The fruit, thus far, has escaped.

☞ Our Fisheries are now doing a good deal better.

☞ Many of the planted Irish potatoes have rotted in the ground

☞ The pea crop has "weathered" the colds and rains wonderfully well.

☞ Profs. Alderman and McIver are conducting a Teachers' Institute at Camden C. H., this week.

☞ When you go to Hertford stop at the "Eagle Hotel." Everybody does. It is head quarters.

☞ It is one of the unfavorable signs of the times that criminals should have so much influence.

☞ The reports from the fisheries at Avoca, near Edenton and in the neighborhood of Plymouth are not very encouraging.

☞ We see that Congressman Branch has introduced a bill appropriating $100,000 for the erection of public buildings at Elizabeth City.

☞ There is an old proverb, and it has been verified this year, that

A March full of rain
Brings farmers deep pain.

☞ There has been one good thing about the recent spell of cold weather. It has frozen the flow of "thought" in the brain of the spring poet.

☞ The editor of the CAROLINIAN expects to pay his regular semi-annual visit to Edenton next Monday, it being the first day of Court. He will be glad to see his Chowan patrons and friends.

☞ Mr. J. M. Jackson and Miss Helena Sawyer were married on the 25th inst by H. M. Pritchard J. P., and Mr. Thos. M. Jennings and Miss Addie Stafford were married on the 28th inst by D. J. Smithson J. P.

☞ To the query of "A School Boy Reader," the CAROLINIAN replies: The postage stamp was invented by James Chalmers, a printer, of Dundee, May 6, 1840. Its introduction in the United States dates from 1841.

☞ Isn't the impression growing that perjury is getting to become too common? Go into the Courts and listen to the statements *sworn* to, and one cannot fail to feel that too many regard the sanctity of an oath very lightly.

☞ Sheriff Smith of Dare arrived here on Saturday, having in custody two white women, mother and daughter, named Hooker, who had left Tyrrell under indictment for disorderly conduct. They were confined in jail here over night and taken on Monday to Columbia.

☞ The editor was at Hertford on Monday, and the time was pleasantly and not unprofitably spent in the meeting of friends, receiving of subscriptions and adding new names to the CAROLINIAN list. The attendance at Court was larger than usual. There are some 40 cases on the State docket which, with the civil docket, will occupy the most of the week.

☞ An old cook recommends that in boiling an egg, instead of putting it in boiling water for two or three minutes, as is often done, pour boiling water on it and let it stand where it is just warm for ten minutes. In the first way a part of the white is hard and tough, and the other part uncooked; in the other way it will all be cooked through and easily digestible.

☞ In answer to a question, "How does protection benefit the laboring class?" the CAROLINIAN replies, by increasing the demand for labor. What good does it do to any laborer in this country when a man goes over to England and buys a jackknife or a suit of clothes? Every laboring man in the United States receives much more for his day's labor than a workman anywhere else in the world.

☞ There is a wide difference between being dissatisfied and unsatisfied. A great and wise thinker has well said: "Whoever is quite satisfied has reached his highest line and will make no farther advance," and, so our highest destiny is not to be dissatisfied, but forever unsatisfied. Plutaroh tells us have not the past but the future charmed the Ionians, who were so eager to advance that they were impatient even of the good from their desire of the better.

☞ The road question is an important one and should be kept in agitation. The old system of working the public roads is a failure. We see that in some sections the county authorities are adopting a new plan with good results. We clip the following from the Charlotte *Chronicle*:

The complaint of bad roads has not been heard this winter. The country people from every direction around Charlotte report the roads in as good condition as during the summer. The experience of last winter is not apt soon to be repeated, as the present county system of working the roads will put and keep them in good condition.

☞ How true it is that bad cooking originates a multitude of evils.

——Fowler & Co mean business ALL THE TIME and propose to merit your patronage.

☞ A successful business man says: "An advertisement is not a luxury but a necessity."

——BARGAINS.—A seventy-five dollar set of silver service at Ewell's jewelry store for fifty dollars.

☞ There is this difference in luck and pluck: Luck waits for a train; pluck builds a railroad.

——Big shoes, little shoes, high grade shoes, low grade shoes, almost anything in the shoe line at Fowler & Co's.

☞ Mrs. Grundy says that it does not console society people to be told that a good name is better than riches.

——A careful comparison is all that Fowler & Co ask of their goods and prices.

☞ Money goes fast under almost any circumstances, but one way of even expediting its natural speed is putting it on a horse.

——Fowler & Co are ready for the fall trade—an immense stock.

——Call on Robinson & Co for Paints, oils, lead, zinc, lime, plaster, hair, cement.

☞ There are lots of wives in the world who never know that their husbands are called "jovial and whole souled" except when they see it in the papers.

——Don't forget Fowler & Co when you want to buy a Trunk. You will feel bad over it if you do.

☞ The CAROLINIAN feels impelled to keep on urging every head of a family without a home of his own to work and plan to secure one. Well and truly said the old poet.

"Oh, happy is that man, and blest,
Who sits in his own home at rest;
Who can be at his own fireside
In tranquil peace, whate'er betide"

——No, 1 Timothy hay at Robinson & Co's.

☞ A subscriber in Washington county, on renewing his *twenty-first* subscription, writes:

I have been a patron of the CAROLINIAN for over twenty years, and I expect to be as long as I live. It suits me exactly and I enjoy reading it.

Another from Dare, who has been taking the paper for several years, on renewing, writes:

My time is about out and I want the CAROLINIAN continued. Though not agreeing with its politics I consider it the best newspaper in the district.

—BACKED DOWN. Italy called off the fence and will send a minister to this country. Chili got cool almost as fast as she got hot, but Robinson & Co keep right on selling those splendid California goods, No. 1 Mackerel, Country Hams, B. of Tongue and Sugar-cured Meats of all kinds.

LOCAL MENTION

Court wound up on Saturday evening. There was a large crowd in attendance nearly every day.—Herrings 10 cents a dozen.—The Grand Jury kept in session all the week. They handed in a number of "true bills," making business for next Court.—Mr. Charles Lumsden, of Lynchburg, Va, has been visiting his brother Dr. W. J. Lumsden on Road street.—By the falling of an oar suspended from the awning last Wednesday a large plate glass window in the hardware and grocery store of Ehringhaus Bros & Co was broken. Damage about $75.—S. C. Kelley esq. of Mt. Pleasant, Pa., gave the CAROLINIAN a call the other day. He is a prominent lawyer of Western Pennsylvania and is here with his wife to spend some weeks in our milder climate.—No one can be a hero when his liver is out of order, nor is 'it the man who always looks like a fool who is one.—Sooner or later retibution will surely come.—A walk, at almost any time, on lower Main, east Fearing and Water streets shows what busy marts they are fast becoming.—Several parties were indicted last week for selling cigarettes to minors—

Run if you like, but try to keep your breath,
Work like a man, but don't be worked so death.

—As an instance of inverse ratio some one remarks that boys and booms are alike in this, that the smaller they are the more noise they make.—Another week of bad weather has interfered with the work on the numerous buildings in course of erection.—Said an intelligent gentleman who spent several days here last week, "Your town is rapidly improving and growing. I know of no place beginning to equal it."—"Papa," said a talkative little Road street girl, "am I made of dirt?" "No, my child. If you were you would dry up once in a while."—The local poet said it happened in the First Ward:

They told him his nose was out of joint
And couldn't be mended, maybe;
But the little fellow shook his head,
Then smiled supremely and said:
"I bet there's another baby."

—Lying is a reprehensible habit, generally speaking, but fish stories are quite appropriate during Lent.—Always feels cold, ice.—A spring color, green.—It was in front of the Court House last week: Asked one of the bystanders, "Why is a lawyer like a man who cannot sleep at night?" Quickly responded another, "Because he is apt to lie first on one side and then on the other."—A synopsis of the cases tried at Court last week appear in another column. Several of them attracted more than usual interest.—Nothing cures a man of meddling faster than letting him burn his fingers.—The Municipal election takes place next Monday.—"Thy sins will surely find thee out."—Ex-Senator Wm. M. Bond, one of the leading lawyers of Edenton, gave the CAROLINIAN a pleasant call last week. He was counsel in an important case at our Court which by the way, he won. His speech to the jury was a forceful and exceptionable able one. He made a most favorable impression.—The new coating of paint on the lower front of the Albemarle House has added much to its appearance.—More additions to the CAROLINIAN local subscription list during the past week.—Garden making about four weeks later than usual.—The Democrats met on Friday night and made the following nominations for Town Commissioners: 1st Ward, B. I. Banks; 2d Ward, C. W. Overman; 3rd Ward, Col. W. C. Davis; 5th Ward, W. G. Underwood. No nomination in the 4th. Davis and Underwood will probably have no opposition.—Work on the new Electric Light building has begun.—Thus far the shad have been smaller in size than usual; but the local price has been kept up.—The CAROLINIAN hears from all sides compliments paid Sheriff Wilcox for the quiet, efficient and satisfactory manner in which he performs his various official duties. The county never had a better officer.—Mr. Jos. Wilkins has removed his Photograph gallery from his lot on north Martin street to another lot near Pailin's Mill on Poindexter street.—Our Foreman Mr. Lane Simons is now better prepared than ever to do all kinds of job printing.—The untoward winds the past week have delayed the arrival of logs at several of the lumber mills.—Who will claim that there is any fairness in a division of the town into Wards giving nearly one half of the population only one Commissioner and the other half *four*?—Now and then the CAROLINIAN is urged to "pitch into" so and so "and give them hail Columbia," The answer is: "Do it yourselves over your own name." But they don't do it.—Mr. J. W. Dunn, who moved here last summer from Lock Haven, Pa, has purchased a lot of Judge Pool on Green street on which he has commenced building a handsome residence.—Attention is called to the incorporation notice of a new manufacturing enterprise, the "E. City Brick Works." It is composed of live business men.—Miss Marcie Albertson continues quite ill.—About 10 o'clock on Friday night, as Mr. Wm. Stevenson, who keeps a small shop at the foot of Main street, on reaching Dyer street on his way home, was robbed of $18 by two men, one catching him by the shoulders and the other presenting a pistol to his face. It being very dark he could not recognize them. Hurry up the electric lights.—Deputy Sheriff Morton carried the colored man James Armstrong, sent here from Perquimans for safe keeping, to Hertford on Monday morning, and Deputy Sheriff J. S. Wilcox left on Monday evening for Raleigh with Henry Shannon sentenced to the penetentiary.—The performances of the Guy Bros Minstrels on Saturday and Monday nights were the best of the kind ever rendered here. They are all "star actors" and give entire satisfaction.—The Republicans of the Fourth Ward nominated Mr. Geo. W. Cobb for Town Commissioner.—Several of our lawyers are at Perquimans Court this week.—Miss Nannie McHarney, daughter of the late Andrew McHarney, died on Monday.—Mrs. W. C. Glover and son left on Monday on a visit to her parents in Knoxville, Tenn.—Mr. N. E. Vowles, delegate to the Convention of the Y. M. C. A. at Greensboro, returned yesterday.—Mr. Silas McBee, of Lincolnton, representing the University of the South at Sewance, Tenn, delivered an address at the Episcopal Church last night in the interest of the institution.

Pasquotank Superior Court.

The following is a condensed report of the cases disposed of at last week's term of our Superior Court:

State vs Gaston Bell: Gaston Bell, indicted for an assault with a knife on John Walker, a fellow student at the Academy. On hearing the evidence, after a severe reprimand by his Honor, a fine of $50 and cost was imposed.

State vs Mary and Dora Lucas, colored. Assault. Blount for State and Lamb for defendants. Verdict guilty, and they were fined respectively $15 and $35.

State vs Joseph Rogers, colored. Assault with deadly weapon. Blount for State and Grandy for defendant. Guilty, and sentenced six months to county jail.

State vs Harrison Bolt, colored. Stealing chickens. Blount for State and Ward for defendant. Verdict not guilty.

State vs George Randall, colored. Stealing cotton. Guilty. Sentenced six months in county jail.

State vs Henry Shannon, colored. Assault with deadly weapon. Blount for State and Ward for defendant Guilty. Sentenced one year to the penetentiary.

State vs Griffin Pritchard. Perjury. The defendant acted as his own counsel. Verdict guilty, and sentenced three years at hard labor in our State penetentiary. He took an appeal and on giving a $500 bond was released from jail to await the decision of the Supreme Court.

Verdicts of not guilty were rendered in the cases of the N. S. R. R. charged with obstructing the public roads; Exum Chappel for assault and Wm. Sawyer, colored, for larceny. The cases of Wm Jerrolds for assault, Frank Bulter for seduction, and others were not prosd.

On the civil docket, among the cases tried, were:

John H. and James R. Banks vs F. M. Grice and others. Claim for their proportionate share of the money obtained from the estate of the late Thomas Banks of Montgomery, Ala. Bond for plaintiffs and Aydlett and Blount for defendants. Verdict for plaintiffs and the amount fixed at $590.

Jos. H. Dozier vs T. P. Savils. Action in recovery of rent. Griffin for plaintiff and Sawyer for defendant. Judgment of $45 for plaintiff.

Henry Jordan et als vs Robert Harvey. Proceeding for sale of lot for partition. Albertson & Son for plaintiffs, Grandy & Aydlett for defendant. Verdict for defendant.

J. H. Gregory vs T. S. White. Breach of warrant Sawyer for plaintiff, Griffin for defendant. Verdict for defendant.

W. T. Love vs Griffin Pritchard et als. To recover possession, Grandy & Aydlett for plaintiff. Defendant allowed 60 days to file bond or comply with statute.

How divine a thing a woman may be made," when her cold is cured by Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

"Mother, can I go out to fish?"
"No, no, my little sonny,
You know you've got a swollen foot,
My precious little honey."

But they got a bottle of Salvation Oil, and he went and caught an eel, and ate it like a man.

Simmons Liver Regulator is the foe of malaria as it throws off the bile and prevents its accumulation.

Examination Report.

The following is the examination report of district No. 5, Pasquotank county. This is a public school and was taught by our young townsman Mr. Jarvis Seeley.

John Brothers 98, Paul Gorbet 95, John Corbet 87, Warren Davenport 97, Herbert Davenport 92, Charlie Fitzhugh 90, Cleveland Ferrall 90, Monroe Jackson 92, Stephen Overman 97, Charles Overman 90, Benj. Pendleton 85, Margary Stanly 97, McLean Stanly 90, Shelton Scott 92, Sallie Brothers 95, Mary Brothers 95, Lenda Brothers 92, Venie Cartwright 88, Susan Davenport 96, Mary Davenport 87, Belle Ferrell 82, Lilla Pendleton 88, May Shuford 98, Bessie Shuford 92, Jessie Scott 92, Bertie Scott 90, Bessie Stanly 92, Elizabeth Williams 88.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise. A purer medicine does not exist, and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the liver and kidneys, will remove pimples, boils, salt rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all malaria fevers. For cure of headache, constipation and indigestion try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price 50c and $1 per bottle at Alex Wadsworth's drug store.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES
Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing it is general debility. Try
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It will cure you and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

A GRAND OPPORTUNITY
FOR AN AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN.
Attend the most renowned, "cheapest, best and highest honored College," the Commercial College of Kentucky University, W. R. Smith, President. It is situated in the beautiful and healthful city of Lexington, Ky., and has an annual attendance of 1,000. 15 efficient and high salaried teachers are employed. It is endorsed by award of Highest Honors at World's Exposition, by 10,000 graduates. Book-keeping, Banking, Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Phonography, Type-writing, Telegraphy, &c, taught. This paper has a full Diploma Business Scholarship in this famous College, which will be disposed of, on reasonable terms, to a deserving young lady or gentleman.

LADIES ARE UNFORTUNATE,
because the higher they rise in society the weaker they find themselves bodily. Risley's Philotoken controls the nerves, aids nature in her various functions, and thus combats with the many ills of womankind successfully. If your druggist has not got it he will order it for you for $1 a bottle, from Chas. F. Risley, Wholesale Druggist, 62 Courtlandt St, New York. Send for a descriptive pamphlet, with directions and certificates from many ladies who have used it and can't say enough in favor of Risley's Philotoken. Mar, 16-1 yr.

A GOLD WATCH AND $240.

This is what every Agent receives who gets up a Club on our $1 per week plan.
Our 14 karet gold-filled cases are warranted for 20 years. Fine Elgin or Waltham movement. Stem wind and set, Ladies or Gents size. Equal to any $50 watch. To secure agents where we have none, we sell one of the Hunting Case Watches for the Club price $28 and send C. O. D. by express with privilege of examination before paying for same.
Our agent at Durham, N. C, writes "Our Jewelers have confessed they don't know how you can furnish such work for the money."
One good reliable agent wanted for each place. Write for particulars.
EMPIRE WATCH CO.,
11-4 '91. 1 yr. New York.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in Effect June 1st, 1891.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, southbound, daily (except sundays,) leave Elizabeth City at 11.30 A. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M. Northbound, daily except sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2.30 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9.00 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer Lines, and at Edenton with steamers for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong Rivers. Transfer steamer to Mackey's Ferry, then by N. & S. R. R. to Roper, Pantego and Belle Haven: connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Bay River, South Creek, &c.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH
FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant Steamer NEUSE leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M., for Newberne, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the R. & D. R. R. train for Raleigh, Greensboro &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board Steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street Station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North river.

For further information apply to T. Selby Harney, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, General Manager. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt.

Norfolk and North Carolina CANAL COMPANY.

S. W. GARY, Superintendant.

The Norfolk & North Carolina Canal will admit sharp built vessels drawing five feet water; lighter-built vessels, four feet.

The Locks will admit vessels 96 feet and 16½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binder, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to the satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

Hotels.

New Albemarle House,
C. W. Grice & Bro, Props.
Corner Main and Road Sts,
Elizabeth City, N C.
First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus.
TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

HOTEL MERRIAM.
WATER STREET,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.
J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.
HERTFORD, N. C.
Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.
Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel
Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.
This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public.
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired
Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers
Terms Reasonable.
J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

-- P. EWELL, --
Practical Watch-maker and Jeweler
Will keep constantly on hand a fine line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, &c. Any article not in stock will be furnished on short notice at reduced price. I guarantee to sell any article in my line as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be bought in any first-class establishment in the Northern cities. All goods guaranteed as represented upon forfeit of double price paid.
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO Repairing, and all work guaranteed for twelve months.
SEE SIGN BIG WATCH,
Water St, (next door to Overman's cor)
Elizabeth City, N. C.
18 Years Experience at Bench.

JOHNNIE
Will they go? Well, I should say so! You could not hold the gains with a two-inch rope. Should you make a visit to our store
- GET YOUR -
eyes on the wonderful bargains there offered you will without delay purchase
- - - GUN - - -
but your pocket book and go home loaded down with the purest and best goods the market affords. Call and see how it works.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Crockery, Tin-ware, Queensware, Paints, Oil, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Cement &c.

ROBINSON & CO.
Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, N. C.

ELIZABETH CITY CRYSTAL ICE COMPANY.
Flora & Brockett, Proprietors.
PURE ICE IN 200 POUND BLOCKS AT
Wholesale and Retail,
Cheaper and better than river or pond ice.
Nothing equal to it for the household.
Or for Fish Oysters, &c.
Quotations cheerfully given. Special prices for fifty or more tons.
ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

J. B. FLORA. JAS. G. MORRIS.
J. B. FLORA & CO.
AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AND SNUFF AT FACTORY PRICE.
That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months, Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues increase.
Here's Food for Thought
in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have failed to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty years, and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be best served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay you
To Examine Our Stock of
Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery Paints, Oils, Lead, Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandler Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.
Quotations Cheerfully Given. - Lowest Prices Guaranteed.
New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C.

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES.
Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at
FOWLER & CO'S
WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

NOTICE THIS!
And after you read this advertisement call at my store and examine my stock of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and HATS, &c., &c, and if you see my goods you will be sure to make a purchase that will please you and make you a customer ever afterwards. Call and look at my stock.
R. SALOMONSKY
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.
Oh my! Have you seen the new Mather Fastening Kid Gloves? No buttons! No hooks! and so convenient. Every pair warranted. They are for sale by Salamonsky.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE
Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,
Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.
Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.
THE BEST PEOPLE
are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.
All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods, in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality.
MOSES WEISEL.
WATER ST, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniture, Wares and Stationery.
I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of
Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery, Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.
Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES! Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low,
ou Want to Save Money Call and See Me.
P WMELIC K
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

The Fertility of Broom Corn.

It is estimated that an acre of land in broom corn will make 1000 pounds at each of the two cuttings per annum, besides thirty bushles of seed and four tons of hay. Two good workings will make the crop, thin it out, leaving from three to four stalks in the hill, and requiring no other cultivation. The first cutting should take place about July 10 and the second about November 1. The seed is fine for feeding purposes for any kind of stock, and the hay superior to prairie hay. There are parties willing to guarantee the purchase of 500 tons of broom corn—will enter into a bond if necessary—delivered at depot, agreeing to pay $80 per ton cash, which insures as ready sale as cotton.

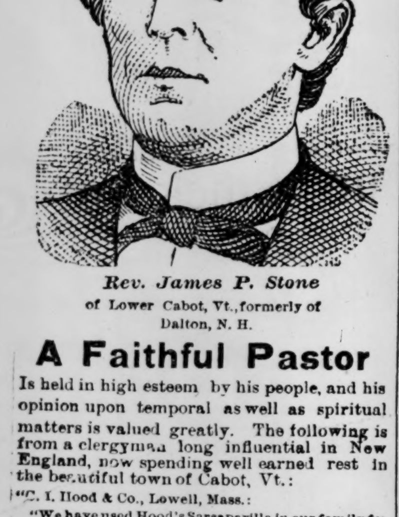
Five hundred acres will produce that amount, one ton per acre, and the expense of preparation for market is much less than cotton, and if cured well and handled well it classes No. 1. The seed can be procured for $1 per bushel, and one bushel will plant six acres. In view of the fact that the price of cotton is so low as not to pay for its cultivation, in casting about for other products for the farm the cultivation of broom corn should come in for a share of the attention of our farmers, especially as the broom factories in the State are importing their material from St. Louis.—Colorado Citizen.

A Welsh Epitaph.

The following epitaph is reproduced from a tomb stone in the cemetery in Llwadllwfwdl:

"Here lies in a horizontal position the outside cases of George Rutleigh, watchmaker, whose abilities in that line were an honor to his profession. Integrity was the main spring and prudence the regulator of all the actions of his life. Human, honest, industrious, his hands never stopped until they had relieved distress. He had the art of disposing of his time in such a way that he never went wrong except when set agoing by persons who did not know his key, and even then was easily set right again. He departed this life November 7, 1811, wound up in the hope of being taken in hand by his Maker, thoroughly cleaned, regulated and repaired and set agoing in the world to come."—Jewelers' Circular.

It is now twenty years since the Yellowstone National Park came into existence.



Rev. James P. Stone
of Lower Cabot, Vt., formerly of Dalton, N. H.

A Faithful Pastor

Is held in high esteem by his people, and his opinion upon temporal as well as spiritual matters is valued greatly. The following is from a clergyman long influential in New England, now spending well earned rest in the beautiful town of Cabot, Vt.:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"We have used Hood's Sarsaparilla in our family for many years past, with **great benefit.** We have with confidence, recommended it to others for their various ailments, almost all of whom have certified to the great benefit by its use. We can

Honestly and Cheerfully

recommend it as the **best blood purifier** we have ever tried. We have used others, but none with the beneficial effects of Hood's. Also, we deem Hood's Pills and Olive Ointment **invaluable.** Mrs Stone cannot do without them." Rev. J. P. Stone.

Better than Gold

Mr. Geo. T. Clapp, of Eastondale, Mass., says: "I am 82 years of age and for 30 years have suffered with running sores on one of my legs. A few years ago I had two toes amputated, physicians saying I was suffering from gangrene and had but

A Short Time to Live

Eight months ago at the recommendation of a neighbor who had used it with benefit, I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. The whole lower part of my leg and foot was a running sore, but it has almost completely healed and I can truthfully say that I am **in better health** than I have been for many years. I have taken no other medicine and consider that I owe all my improvement to

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable and are the best liver invigorator and cathartic.

RADWAY'S PILLS

The Great Liver and Stomach Remedy

For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury minerals, or deleterious drugs.

PERFECT DIGESTION Will be accomplished by taking one of Radway's Pills every morning, about ten o'clock, as a dinner pill. By so doing

SICK HEADACHE

Dyspepsia, Foul Stomach, Biliousness, will be avoided and the food that is eaten contribute its nourishing properties for the support of the natural waste of the body.

☞ Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disease of the Digestive Organs: Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering of the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above named disorders.

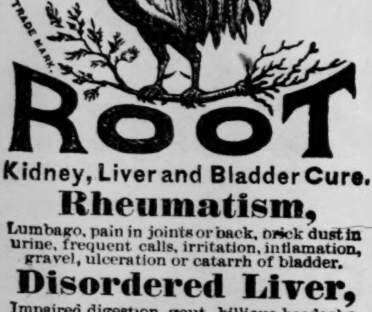
Price 25 cts. per box. Sold by all druggists.

Send a letter stamp to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 32 Warren street, New York. ☞ Information worth thousands will be sent to you.

TO THE PUBLIC. Be sure and ask for RADWAY'S and see that the name "RADWAY" is on what you buy.

N Y N U—12

DR. KILMER'S
SWAMP-ROOT



Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure.

Rheumatism,

Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflamation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of bladder.

Disordered Liver,

Impaired digestion, gout, billious-headache. SWAMP-ROOT cures kidney difficulties, *La Grippe*, urinary trouble, bright's disease.

Impure Blood,

Scrofula, malaria, gen'l weakness or debility.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.

DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

ACROSS THE WIRES.

Late News Gleaned From Foreign and Domestic Sources.

Particulars Regarding the Cabinet Crisis at Berlin.

A cablegram from Berlin, Germany, says in regard to the Cabinet crisis: Since the fall of Bismarck, two years ago, the political tension here has not been so intense as it has been now. From the elegant Hiller's, Unter den Linden, to the bare cafes of the Karl strasse in the students' quarter the one topic has been the action of Minister Zeditz and Chancellor Caprivi.

There is no room for doubt as to the resignation of Count Caprivi, although every effort is made in high political circles to keep the facts of the Cabinet crisis absolutely secret. Had the Chancellor not thrown the whole weight of his personality on the side of the School bill, which has caused all the complication, he might have escaped the embarrassment of his position. He has announced so repeatedly in and out of Parliament recently his advocacy of the bill, and has set up his opinions so persistently against the moderate advice of his rival in the Cabinet, Dr. Miquel, that the Emperor's tendency toward the course recommended by the latter left him no alternative but to resign. It was thought by the best informed politicians that the Emperor would not accept his Chancellor's resignation, on the ground that the School bill, as a purely Prussian matter, is not closely connected with Caprivi's record as Chancellor of the Empire. Caprivi, moreover, is needed to keep together the Ultramontane-Conservative coalition in Parliament. In order to avoid coming to an immediate decision the Emperor retired to his castle to Hubertusstock. Prince Henry, the Emperor's brother, joined the Kaiser there. The Empress followed next day. The semi-official announcement is made that the rumors of the Emperor's illness are greatly exaggerated, and that his condition is satisfactory. Nevertheless the physicians advise that he take some rest, and that he seek the greatest practicable quietude for the present.

Chancellor von Caprivi was summoned by a special courier to the Emperor at Hubertusstock. The Chancellor has made a second request to be allowed to retire. Only under the utmost pressure, it is thought, will Caprivi consent to serve longer, as he feels personally aggrieved by his treatment at the hands of the Emperor in the management of the School bill. In conversation with Albert von Levetzow, First President of the Reichstag, yesterday, he said, with much feeling, that he believed he had not been treated fairly by the Emperor, and should therefore insist upon being allowed to retire.

An Ossified Man Dead.

Edward Emmons, the "ossified man" of Port Jefferson, Long Island, New York, is dead. Although an ossified man and a living curiosity, he never exhibited himself, although be tried to get the museum managers to show him. The three ossified men known to frequenters of museums are Jonathan Bass, William Sapp, and a colored man named Monroe.

Emmons's death was caused by the grip. He was born in Port Jefferson thirty-eight years ago. When quite young he went to sea and was taken ill with typhoid fever. He got over the fever, but it left him very weak. When twenty-two years of age he was taken ill with rheumatism, and on his return voyage home he suffered severely. He never left the house again, but lay in bed for sixteen years, and his flesh gradually became ossified. For several years his sufferings were terrible. His body was rigid except one arm, which he could use, and his jaws were set. He was fed through a hole in the mouth, where a tooth was broken out. Several years ago Emmons's pain ceased. He could read, articulate after a fashion, and was slightly deaf.

Emmons's father was afflicted the same way, but the trouble did not come upon him till late in life, and he died before his joints were entirely set. All the family, which now consists of a mother, brother, and four sisters, are afflicted with rheumatism, except the mother.

Death of a Girl Leper.

New Orleans, La., has a novelty in the shape of a hospital for lepers, which until the other day contained four inmates. It is situated on Hagen avenue, near Gravier, in an isolated portion of the city, and the lepers are treated there. Treatment plays a small part in the matter, though, as the disease is incurable, and the hospital is designed simply to prevent lepers from mingling with the rest of human kind.

About a month ago a young white girl, Miss Naomi Ribbi, came to the hospital from Iberville Parish. She belonged to one of the creole families in that section of the State, and was only twenty years old. Iberville is the home of a number of lepers, and from some one there the young woman contracted the terrible disease. When received at the leper hospital it was found she was beyond even the alleviation of her pain. Both her eyes had been eaten away. She lived a month, passing through terrible tortures, and has just died in great agony.

Bank Officers in Disgrace.

The Banque Generale Chemin de Fer et Industrie, of Paris, France, has suspended. One of the Directors has committed suicide, two absconded and one has been arrested.

The liabilities amount to $5,000,000 and the assets to $1,000,000. The failure had no effect on the Bourse.

The reason assigned for the suicide and flight is that the authorities were about to institute legal proceedings against the Directors of the bank, on the charge of fraudulent bankruptcy and of obtaining money under false pretenses.

The bank dealt largely in the French national loan of 1891, and received subscriptions to the loan of upward of $400,000.

His Head Under a Hammer

Frederick Hengle, aged forty, committed suicide at Philadelphia, Penn., by placing his head under a steam hammer at the establishment of Pearce, Kirsch & Co., manufacturing jewellers, Thirty-sixth and Market streets. He was employed as a gold beater. When the whistle blew for dinner he went with another employe for dinner. Upon their return he left his companion and went down into the cellar, where the engines and boilers are situated. William Watson, the engineer, went down soon after and saw a man's body on the block on which a 500-pound trip-hammer struck.

Lawless Indians Killed.

A special from Holbrook, Arizona, gives the news of the death and capture of the band of Apache Indians who have committed depredations on the borders of the White Mountain Indian Reservation. The band numbered five bucks and six women and children. Three men were killed and the remainder surrendered to Lieutenant Bean, Second Cavalry, who is now at Fort Apache in charge of the Apaches at that post.

Killed Two Women and Himself.

News reached New Orleans La., recnetly of a tragedy on Silvery Place, west of Baton Rouge. Monroe Scott, a colored preacher, killed his wife and a woman for whom he wished to put his wife aside, but who would not live with him, and when pursued into the woods and about to be captured fired three shots into his head, killing himself. The three bodies were buried together.

A Remarkable Suicide.

A singular casualty attended the suicide of an artilleryman in the barracks at Vienna, Austria. The man shot himself with a Werral rifle.

The bullet, after passing through the suicide's breast, plowed through the head of a second soldier standing near, killing him, and then imbeded itself in the arm of a third soldier, inflicting a serious injury.

Affray on a Train.

Two Indians got in a drunken row on a train between Jenson, Ark., and Cameron, Indian Territory, and one stabbed the other fatally. When the wounded man drew a revolver his assailant jumped from the train, which was running at the rate of thirty miles an hour, and was killed.

MINISTER REID DINED.

Among the Guests Were All the Descendants of Lafayette in Paris.

Whitelaw Reid, the American Minister to France, and Mrs. Reid dined in Paris, on the eve of their departure for the United States, with Count Dassailly, great grandson of the Marquis de Lafayette. The guests included all the descendants of Lafayette now in Paris.

Subsequently Mr. and Mrs. Reid attended a farewell reception given in their honor by Baron de Mohrenheim, the Russian Embassador to France. That night they attended a banquet given by the American Artists' Association.

M. Ribot, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and his colleagues in the Ministry, expedited the business of the Government with the American Legation, so as to enable Mr. Reid to sail for the United States.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

THE heaviest snowfall of the season delayed traffic considerably in New York City.

THE Supreme Court of Connecticut decided the case of the State against Controller Staub in the State's favor.

THE carrier pigeon loft at the United States Naval training station at Newport, R. I., which was established three or four years ago by officers of the station since transferred, has been abandoned, as the Government failed to become interested.

FRED MILLEY, a mill watchman of Pittsburg, Penn., killed his wife and himself. His wife was jealous and upbraided him.

THE new British bark Windemere, bound from Milford Haven in ballast for New York and Calcutta, ran ashore at Deal Beach, N. J., about a mile north of Asbury Park, during a blinding snowstorm. The crew were rescued, but the ship and cargo will be a total loss.

THE Union Railroad station at New Haven, Conn., was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of over $300,000

THE First Reformed Church of Albany, N. Y., celebrated its 250th anniversary.

MRS. CHRISTIAN ALSEN, wife of the keeper of Oakwood Cemetery, Troy, N. Y., committed suicide by hanging herself to a rung of a ladder placed against one of the cemetery vaults. She was insane from the grip.

THE Standard Oil Trust has been dissolved in New York City, by vote of the stockholders. The leaders and originators of the Trust, however, will continue to be the chief directors of the companies which composed the Trust.

THE Board of Pardons, at Harrisburg, Penn., recommended a pardon in the cases of John A. Mellon and William H. Porter, publishers of the Beaver Star, who were convicted of libeling Senator Quay.

THE committee appointed by the Bar Association, of New York City, to investigate Judge Maynard's connection with the Dutchess County election case, reported in favor of his removal from the Court of Appeals bench by the Legislature.

DR. D. HAYES AGNEW, Emeritus Professor of Surgery at the University of Pennsylvania and one of the most eminent surgeons in this country, died a few days ago in Philadelphia. Dr. Agnew was born in Lancaster County, Penn., in 1818.

South and West.

WHILE officers were conveying Heflin and Dye, colored, murderers of an old woman in Farquhar County, from Warrentown to Alexandria, Va., they were met by a crowd at Haymarket, who overpowered them and carried the prisoners to the woods near by and lynched them.

DURING a quarrel at Rosebury, Oregon, A. Hansbrough, brother of Senator Hansbrough, of North Dakota, was stabbed and killed by Nicholas Jones.

THE heaviest snow storm of the season prevailed in Virginia, Tennessee, Alabama and Mississippi.

THE Rev. H. D. Benjamin, of Portsmouth, Ohio, hanged himself while suffering from dementia.

THE extensive tobacco factory of Liggett & Myers, in St. Louis. Mo., was damaged by fire to the extent of $345,000.

CAPTAIN ANDERSON and a sailor of the schooner Charles C. Dame were drowned at Mount Pleasant, in Charleston (S. C) Harbor, by the capsizing of a small boat.

AT Chicago, Ill., Frank Ives defeated Jacob Schaefer at fourteen-inch balk line billiards, by a score of 800 to 499. Ives is now champion of the world.

THE Painesville (Ohio) Savings and Loan Association Bank closed its doors. Angry depositors threatened violence.

HEAVY snow storms prevailed in Iowa and Illinois.

LAMSON BROTHERS & CO., a leading Board of Trade firm of Chicago, Ill., are losers to the extent of $40,000 to $60,000 by the peculations of employes. The firm's cashier and bookkeeper were in collusion.

THE explosion of a gasoline stove used to heat water in the baptismal font in a church at Manning, Iowa, wrecked the font and set fire to the clothing of the minister, the Rev. Mr. Boles, burning him fatally.

THE Supreme Court of Wisconsin declares the Assembly, Senatorial and Congressional apportionment made by the last Legislature to be unconstitutional. The decision of the Court was unanimous. It held that the constitution ordains that Assembly districts shall be "bounded by county, precinct, town or ward lines."

Washington.

THE President sent to the Senate the nomination of Charles S. Aldrich, of Illinois, to be Solicitor-General, vice W. H. Taft, resigned.

SECRETARY ELKINS has amended Army regulations so as to provide that no person under the age of twenty-one years shall be enlisted or re-enlisted without the written consent of his parents or a legally appointed guardian.

THE National bank note circulation is now $161,000,000, an increase of nearly $20,000,000 since July last

THE President signed the commissions of the nine new Circuit Judges and ordered that they be forwarded to them at once, so that there may be no unnecessary delay in their entering upon the discharge of their functions.

LORD SALISBURY has sent a communication to this Government in reply to the note of Acting Secretary Wharton, of the State Department, requesting a renewal of the modus vivendi for the protection of seal life in Bering Sea during the coming season

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY NETTLETON has instructed immigration officers that "tubercle of lung being classed by the medical authorities as a dangerous contagious disease, the law absolutely prohibits the landing of aliens suffering from that disease."

SENATOR HILL, of New York, returned to Washington from his Southern trip. District Attorney Ridgway, of Brooklyn, and Assistant Adjutant General McEwan, of Albany, N. Y., accompanied him.

AT a meeting of the full board of the Interstate Commerce Commission, William R. Morrison was elected Chairman to fill the vacancy made by Judge Cooley's resignation.

THE President has made the following nominations: Milo A. Jewett, of Massachusetts, United States Consul at Sivas; Samuel L. Overstreet, to be Register of the Land Office at Guthrie, Oklahoma; Deforest D. Leach, Register of the Land Office at Oklahoma, Oklahoma.

THE price of $.8987 per ounce, paid by the Government the other day for silver, is the lowest figure at which the Government has ever purchased the metal. At this figure the silver dollar is worth 69½ cents in gold.

AT the investigation in Washington by the Joint Committee on Immigration into the management of the Ellis Island (N. Y.) landing station it was shown that buildings that were to have cost $250,000 have involved an expenditure of $612,000.

Foreign.

AT Duisburg, in Rheinish Prussia, the boiler of the tug boat Heinrich, plying on the Rhine, exploded. The deck of the tug boat was shattered. Six men, including the captain, were killed.

A THREE-STORY house in course of erection at St. Petersburg, Russia, collapsed. Thirteen workmen were killed by the falling walls.

THERE have been 775 deaths from yellow fever in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, during the last fortnight. The crews of twenty-three steamers have been attacked by the fever.

A BUTCHER shop in Fulham, London, England, was burned, and four occupants of the building perished in the flames

SEVERAL of the members of Balmaceda's Congress admitted to bail at Santiago, Chila, are in such a wretched condition through prison abuse that their lives are despaired of.

COUNT VON ZEDLITZ's resignation from the Privy Council has been accepted by Emperor William of Germany.

THE text of an extraordinary treaty with the United States was submitted at the meeting of the French Cabinet in Paris.

A SERIOUS conflict occurred at Paipa, Panama, between civilians and a military company that was returning from Cocuy. Five persons were killed and fourteen wounded. Oddly enough the disturbance had nothing to do with politics.

IT was stated in Berlin, Germany, that General von Caprivi, Imperial Chancellor, had tendered his resignation at the Cabinet meeting as a result of the protracted contest on the Education bill, which, as Prussian Premier, he has championed from the first.

QUEEN VICTORIA left Windsor Castle and at once proceeded to Costebelle in the south of France, where two hotels had been engaged for the royal party during their proposed five weeks' stay.

WHEN the American steamship Missouri, loaded with America's gift of grain to the starving Russian peasants, passed up the harbor of Libau she was greeted with loud and enthusiastic cheers. Crowds lined the jetties. Greek priests went on board and held a thanksgiving service, which concluded with the formal and impressive ceremony of blessing the ship.

A DISPATCH from Hyeres, France, announces the death there of Louis Cartigny, aged 101 years. He was the last French survivor of the memorable naval battle in the Bay of Trafalgar, on October 21, 1805, in which the British fleet defeated the combined fleets of France and Spain, and in which Lord Nelson was killed.

THE Bark Sylvan McDongal was blown ashore on the Bay of Fundy, Nova Scotia, and five of her crew drowned.

THE House of Commons by a unanimous vote has expelled George Woodyat Hastings, recently convicted of embezzlement of trust moneys.

IN accordance with the decision of the Miners' Federation, nearly all the 300,000 British coal miners who quit work on the 12th inst., have resumed work.

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

56TH DAY.—Mr. Casey reported a bill to establish a uniform standard of wheat, corn, oats, barley and rye. Calendar——Mr. Hawley introduced a bill appropriating $50,000 for a pedestal and statue to General W. T. Sherman in Washington. Referred——The calendar was then taken up, and several minor bills were disposed of.

57TH DAY.—In the absence of Vice-President Morton the chair was occupied by Mr. Manderson, President pro tem., who presented a communication from the President of the United States, with information from the Treasury Department as to the purchase of unpublished correspondence and manuscripts of President Monroe——The Senate passed the House bill increasing the pension of Anna Maria Young, whose husband served in the Revolutionary War, from $12 to $30 a month——Among the bills placed on the calendar was the Senate bill to punish the crime of perjury before the United States local land offices——Among the bills introduced and referred were the following: To amend the act for the appointment of bank receivers. For the purchase of Sturgeon Bay ship canal. To refund to the producers of cotton the internal revenue tax collected thereon.

58TH DAY.—The bill to improve the navigation and to afford ease and safety to the trade and commerce of the Mississippi River, and to prevent destructive floods, was taken up at a special order and passed—yeas forty-eight, nays five—Messrs. Call, Kyle, Perkins, Pugh and Vance voting in the negative——The bill for the relief of settlers on public lands passed—yeas twenty-four, nays twenty-five——The bill appropriating $300,000 for an equestrain statue in Washington to General U. S. Grant was laid aside.

59TH DAY.—The correspondence with Great Britain on the Bering Sea matter was transmitted to the Senate by President Harrison under secrecy——The provision in the Indian Appropriation bill transferring the care of the Indians to the army was discussed——The Army Appropriation bill was presented and referred.

60TH DAY.—Discussion on the Bering Sea treaty was continued. All the correspondence was made public——Bills to establish fish hatcheries in Montana and Texas and for a fish and oyster culture station on the Gulf coast were reported favorably——Mr. Sherman offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for a detailed statement of the saving or the increase in the annual expenditure which would result from a transfer of the revenue marine to the Navy Department.

In the House.

61ST DAY.—There was a colloquy between Messrs. Williams and Walker concerning the latter's speech —The debate on the Free Wool bill was continued——The evening session considered private bills.

62D DAY.—The entire session was devoted to eulogies on the late Senator Plumb, of Kansas.

63D DAY.—Prayer was offered by Rabbi Emil G. Hirsch, of Chicago——The House practically censured Walker for violating its rules in attacking Williams in the Record——The House then went into Committee of the Whole (Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia, in the chair) on the Army Appropriation bill, which was passed——Mr. Enloe, offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for a list of all persons employed in the Coast and Geodetic Survey. He had information, he said, from a discharged employe that the Coast Survey was in the hands of a ring——The House then went into Committee on the Whole (Mr. Blount, of Georgia, in the chair) on the Free Wool bill. Speeches were made by Messrs. Goodnight, Dingley, Warner and Wheeler.

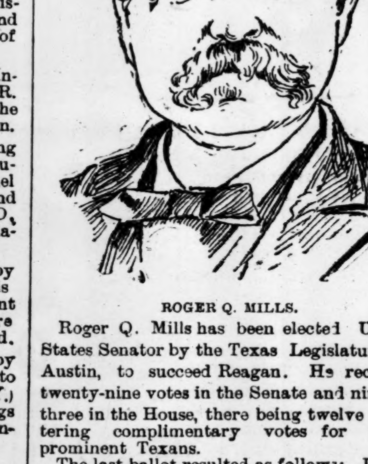
64TH DAY.—The debate on the Free Silver bill was begun, and evening sessions were ordered.

65TH DAY.—The House continued the discussion of the Silver bill. The debate, in which about twenty members participated, was devoid of incident, and at 5:30 the House took a recess until 7:30. At the evening session Messrs. Coombs, Bacon and Chapin, of New York; Page, of Maryland; Brosius, of Pennsylvania; Hayes, of Iowa; Walker, of Massachusetts; Geissenhainer, of New Jersey, and Bunting, of New York, opposed the bill. Messrs. Livingston, of Georgia; Hemphill, of South Carolina; Abbott, of Texas; Townsend, of Colorado; Whiting, of Michigan, and Layton, of Ohio, advocated it.

66TH DAY.—The debate on the Silver bill was closed, and filibustering proceedings were continued with great confusion for seven hours. The bill was disposed of indefinitely at 12:35 in the morning by the adjournment of the House.

MILLS CHOSEN SENATOR.

He Was Elected Almost Unanimously by the Texas Legislature.



ROGER Q. MILLS.

Roger Q. Mills has been elected United States Senator by the Texas Legislature in Austin, to succeed Reagan. He received twenty-nine votes in the Senate and ninety-three in the House, there being twelve scattering complimentary votes for other prominent Texans.

The last ballot resulted as follows: In the Senate—For R. Q. Mills, 31; Wash. Jones, 1; J. D. Sayres, 1.

In the House—For R. Q. Mills, 93; Horace Chilton, 3; R. B. Culberson, 1, Barrett Gibbs, 2; J. H. Bailey, 4.

There was a good deal of speaking in making and seconding the nomination of Mr. Mills. Both houses then adjourned. Senator Chilton had previously addressed a note to a caucus of his friends, announcing his withdrawal from the race, thus leaving the field clear for Mills. Mr. Chilton assigned as his only reason for withdrawing that he found the total vote of his friends in the Legislature insufficient to elect him, and he did not wish to embarrass them who would stand by him.

The announcement in the House at Washington that Roger Q. Mills was the choice of the Texas Legislature to succeed Mr. Reagan in the Senate of the United States was the signal for an enthusiastic outburst of applause, which was exceedingly gratifying to Mr. Mills, who occupied a seat in the outermost row.

BERING SEA CRISIS.

The President Says the Question is One of Honor and Self-Respect.

The Senate made public the recent correspondence between England and the United States respecting the Bering Sea controversy. The reply of President Harrison to the Marquis of Salisbury is signed by Acting Secretary of State Wharton.

The President insists on the renewal of the modus vivendi, and calls attention to the gravity of the situation, saying that he is not willing to be responsible for the results of the insistence by either Government during this season on the maintenance of its extreme rights. He added that the question is not one of money or gain, but of honor and self-respect, and that the proposition to exact a bond from the owners of Canadian vessels can hardly be made seriously, and declines to discuss it.

Lord Salisbury, for considerations that keep the Canadian poachers faithfully in view, declined to assent to a renewal of last year's modus vivendi, and the President, while making one more appeal to that end, closes his note with the assurance that if it should become necessary this Government will protect the rights it claims in the seals with all of the power it possesses.

FREE SILVER BATTLE.

The House Defers Action on the Free Coinage Bill.

A dispatch from Washington says: The tumult and confusion which attended the filibustering to defeat the Force bill in the last Congress found a parallel in the House during the last day's discussion of the Bland Free Silver Coinage bill. The exciting proceedings will be historical. Three times the rulings of the Speaker were called into question. Once the Speaker himself, the first time he has exercised his prerogatives, cast his vote and saved the Silver bill from defeat.

After a day of debate participated in by Messrs. Cockran, Hatch, Castle, Cummings, Williams and English, Mr. Bland promptly at five o'clock, and after the speeches had been crowded, one after the other, into brief allowance of time, moved for the previous question on the engrossment and third reading of the bill and amendments. It was the signal for the fight. The members on both sides were then to engage. The galleries were packed.

A motion to table the bill, made by Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, would have prevailed had not the Speaker voted and made a tie. Then a motion to reconsider the vote by which Mr. Burrows's motion was lost was made and carried. The question recurring on the motion to table, it was lost by a close vote. Mr. Bland then tried to force a vote on the bill, but failed.

After that the filibustering began under the lead of Mr. Cockran and Mr. Fitch, and was conducted afterward by the men who happened to be about.

Mr. Bland had counted on carrying the bill with a rush. He had failed and his confidence in his following was wavering.

Finally, after seven hours and a half of filibustering, he had a consultation with the Speaker and Mr. McMillan, of the Rules Committee.

Then he went back to his seat, and ended at 12:35 in the morning what promised to be an all-night session by a motion to adjourn. It was carried unanimously.

The Silver bill now goes up on the calendar, but it was considered probable that the Committee on Rules would at an early day report a resolution for its further consideration.

ICE harvesting operations on the Penobscot in Maine, are over for the season, and it is estimated that about 300,000 tons have been housed. The ice is thinner than usual, ranging from ten to fourteen inches in thickness, but in excellence of quality this year's harvest was never surpassed. It is likely that all holdings will be disposed of at from $1.25 to $1.75 per ton, and that will be paying business. The crop will furnish cargoes for about five hundred sail of large schooners.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

13

BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, 1891, choice.	$2 00	@	$2 05
Medium, 1891, choice....	1 75	@	—
Pea, 1891, choice........	1 75	@	—
White kidney, 1891, choice	2 15	@	2 20
Red kidney, 1891, choice.	1 85	@	2 00
Yellow eye, 1891, choice.	1 65	@	1 70
Lima, Cal., per bush....	1 70	@	1 75
Foreign, medium, 1891..	1 65	@	1 70
Green peas, 1891, per bush....	1 35	@	1 37½
1891, bags.............	1 30	@	1 32½
1891, Scotch..............	—	@	1 40
NEW BUTTER.			
Creamery—Penn, extras.....	29	@	29½
Elgin, extras...........	29	@	29½
Other West, extras......	28	@	28½
State dairy—half tubs, and pails, extras..........	26	@	27
H. f. tubs and pails, 1sts,	24	@	25
H. f. tubs and pails, 2ds.	20	@	22
Welsh tubs, extras.......	25	@	26
Welsh tubs, 1sts.........	23	@	24
Welsh tubs, 2ds..........	20	@	22
Western—Im. creamery, 1sts.	21	@	24
Im. creamery, 2ds.......	19	@	20
Im. creamery, 3ds.......	17	@	18
Factory—Fresh, extras......	22	@	—
Fresh, 1sts..............	18½	@	20
Fresh, 2ds.............	17	@	18
Rolls—Fresh, extras.......	21	@	—
Fresh, 3ds to 1sts.........	16	@	20
CHEESE.			
State factory—Full cream, white, fancy..........	12½	@	—
Full cream, colored, fancy	12	@	12½
Full cr. good to prime..	11	@	11½
Common to fair........	9¾	@	10¾
Part skims, choice......	10	@	—
Part skims, good to prime	8½	@	9½
Part skims, com. to fair.	6	@	8
Full skims.............	3	@	5
Pennsylvania—Skims.......	—	@	2¾
EGGS.			
State and Penn—Fresh......	15	@	—
Western — Fresh, fancy.....	—	@	14¾
Fresh, fair to good......	—	@	—
Southern—Fresh, per doz.....	14	@	14½
Duck Eggs, Md., per doz.....	—	@	30
Goose Eggs, per doz........	65	@	70
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples—King, per bbl......	—	@	3 50
Spitzenberg, per bbl......	2 00	@	3 50
Baldwin, per d. h. bbl..	2 00	@	2 50
Greenings, per d. h. bbl.	2 00	@	2 50
Grapes—Western N. Y., Catawba, 5 lb basket.....	8	@	25
Western N. Y., Concord.	—	@	—
HOPS.			
State—1891, choice, per lb...	24	@	—
1891, prime..............	22	@	23
1891, common to good...	18	@	21
1890, choice, per lb......	17	@	18
1890, common to prime..	12	@	16
Old odds...............	6	@	8
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls—Jersey, State, Penn.,	13½	@	—
Western, per lb.........	—	@	13½
Chickens, Western.........	—	@	13
Local, medium to prime	13	@	—
Roosters, old, per lb........	8	@	8½
Turkeys, per lb............	13	@	14
Ducks—N. J., N. Y., Penn., per pair.............	85	@	1 25
Western, per pair.......	80	@	1 10
Geese, Western, per pair....	1 50	@	1 87
Southern, per pair......	1 25	@	1 37
Pigeons, per pair..........	50	@	52½
DRESSED POULTRY—FRESH KILLED.			
Turkeys—Selected hens, lb.	16	@	18
Mixed weights.........	16	@	16
Young toms, fair to prime	14	@	15
Old toms..............	12	@	12½
Chickens—Phila., per lb....	17	@	20
Fowls—St. and Penn., per lb	14	@	14½
Western, per lb.........	13	@	14
Ducks—Jersey, per lb.......	—	@	—
State and Penn., per lb.	—	@	—
Western, per lb.........	10	@	16
Geese—Western, per lb......	5	@	10
Capons—Phila., extra large.	23	@	24
Phila., small to medium.	18	@	22
Western, fair to fancy..	17	@	22
Squabs—Dark, per doz......	—	@	3 00
POTATOES AND VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes—Jersey, bulk, bbl..	—	@	—
State Rose and Hebron, per 180 lb...........	1 25	@	1 37
State, other kinds, 180 lb.	1 00	@	1 12
L. I., in bulk, per bbl...	1 62	@	1 75
Sweet potatoes, Jersey, bbl..	1 50	@	3 00
Cabbage, L. I. per 100......	2 00	@	5 00
Onions—Connecticut, red, bbl	2 25	@	—
Orange County, red, bbl.	1 75	@	2 10
Orange County, yellow..	—	@	—
Eastern, yellow, per bbl.	2 25	@	—
Eastern, white, per bbl.	5 00	@	7 50
Squash—L. I., marrow, bbl..	75	@	1 00
L. I., Hubbard, per bbl..	1 00	@	1 25
Turnips, Canada, per bbl....	75	@	80
Celery—Fla., per doz. roots.	75	@	85
String beans, Fla., per crate.	2 50	@	4 00
Lettuce, Southern, per bbl..	1 50	@	6 00
Tomatoes, Fla., per bush crate.	2 00	@	2 75
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves.....................	3 00	@	5 50
Milch Cows, com. to good...	20 00	@	45 00
Calves, common to prime...	3 75	@	8 50
Sheep......................	5 00	@	7 00
Lambs......................	7 00	@	7 37½
Hogs—Live..................	5 00	@	5 30
Dressed...................	6	@	8½
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—City Mill Extra.....	4 75	@	4 90
Patents..................	5 00	@	5 25
Wheat—No. 2 Red..........	1 00½	@	1 01½
Rye—State.................	90	@	91½
Barley—Two-rowed State.....	53	@	54
Corn—Ungraded Mixed.......	45½	@	48½
Oats—No. 1 White..........	—	@	39
Mixed Western..........	34	@	36
Hay—Good to Choice........	75	@	85
Straw—Long Rye............	—	@	65
Lard—City Steam...........	06	@	06.05c

FURS AND SKINS.	Eastern & Northwestern.	Southern & Southwestern.
Black bear......	$20 00@30 00	$10 00@$20 00
Cubs and y'rlings	5 00@15 00	4 00@ 10 00
Beaver, large....	6 00@ 7 00	5 00@ 6 00
Beaver, medium.	3 50@ 4 50	2 50@ 3 50
Beaver, small....	1 50@ 2 00	1 00@ 1 50
Mink, dark, fine.	1 50@ 2 50	70@ 1 10
Mink, brown....	60@ 1 00	50@ 70
Red fox....	1 40@ 1 60	1 10@ 1 30
Gray fox.......	1 00@ 1 15	80@ 1 00
Raccoon, each..	50@ 90	30@ 60
Skunk, black....	1 20@ 1 25	1 00@ 1 15
Skunk half strp'd	70@ 75	60@ 65
Skunk, striped..	35@ 40	30@ 35
Skunk, white....	15@ 20	12@ 15
Opossum, large.	35@ 45	30@ 35
Opossum, med.	17@ 22	15@ 18
Muskrat, spring	16@ 18	14@ 15
Muskrat, winter.	11@ 13	10@ 11
Muskrat, fall.....	7@ 10	7@ 8

A Ventriloquist's Throat.

Professor R. H. Mohr, the ventriloquist, went through a strange experience the other day. In one of the laboratories of the Harvard Medical School he submitted to an examination of his throat and chest by a number of physiological experts, to determine what special formations gave him his peculiar powers.

The experts are uncommunicative concerning the results of the examination, and the professor, who is not a physiologist at all, did not learn much about himself.

"They put mirrors down my throat," he said. "They led me by narrow passages into a dark chamber, and what they did there I don't know. After it was all over they told me that my larynx was flatter than that of other men and shaped something like a woman's, and also that one of the stops in my throat was drawn downward instead of upward by the connecting muscles.

"I can't make much out of that explanation, but I can make a living out of my peculiar throat just the same."

Then the professor threw his voice under the table and laughed hoarsely.—Boston Herald.

It is estimated that at least $50,000,000 of the United States Government's paper money has been lost or destroyed.

Questions Often Asked.

Q. What is Alabastine?

A. Alabastine is a durable coating for walls and ceilings.

Q. Is it the same as kalsomines?

A. It is entirely different from all other preparations on the market.

Q. Wherein does it differ from these kalsomines on the market?

A. It is made from a cement that goes through a process of setting on the wall, and grows harder with age.

Q. What are kalsomines made from?

A. From whitings, chalks, clays or other inert powders for a base, and are entirely dependent upon glue to hold them on the wall.

Q. Why do kalsomines rub and scale?

A. Because the glue, being animal matter, decays in a short time by exposure to air and moisture, and the binding qualities of the material are then gone.

Q. Does the Alabastine contain any injurious substance?

A. Alabastine has been most carefully tested, and is recommended by leading sanitarians throughout the country, on account of its sanitary nature.

Q. What has the same investigation shown regarding wall paper?

A. Sanitarians condemn in strong terms the use of wall paper for walls of living rooms on account of the poison used in its manufacture.

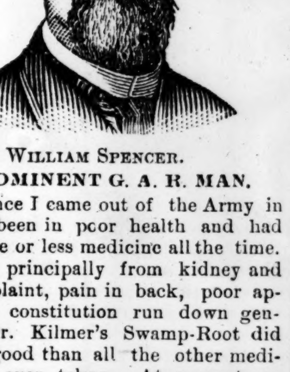
Q. Can anything but plain work be done with Alabastine?

A. Any kind of work, from plain tinting to the most elaborate decorating can be done.

Q. How can I learn to do this work and decorate my house?

A. By writing the Alabastine Company, Grand Rapids, Mich., for book of instructions and suggestions, and illustration of stencils; also showing six sets of tinted wall designs. Sent free.

A large bed of scollops has been discovered near Castine, Me. Large undeveloped deposits are also in the lower St. Croix River.



WILLIAM SPENCER.

A PROMINENT G. A. R. MAN.

Ever since I came out of the Army in '65 I had been in poor health and had taken more or less medicine all the time. I suffered principally from kidney and liver complaint, pain in back, poor appetite and constitution run down generally. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root did me more good than all the other medicine I had ever taken. At present am feeling better than for years. It is the best medicine on earth. Wm. Spencer, Co. F, 30th Indiana Infantry, Elkhart, Ind.

It is just such cases and wonderful cures as these that have made Swamp-Root famous and given it a world-wide reputation. Everybody has a good word to say for it. Have you tried it? Recommended by Druggists, 50c. or $1.00.

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"August Flower"

I have been troubled with dyspepsia, but after a fair trial of August Flower, am freed from the vexatious trouble—J. B. Young, Daughters College, Harrodsburg, Ky. I had headache one year steady. One bottle of August Flower cured me. It was positively worth one hundred dollars to me—J. W. Smith, P.M. and Gen. Merchant, Townsend, Ont. I have used it myself for constipation and dyspepsia and it cured me, It is the best seller I ever handled—C. Rugh, Druggist, Mechanicsburg, Pa.

Before the cause of consumption was known (that was only a few years ago) we did not know how Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil did so much good in consumption and in the conditions that lead to consumption.

The explanation is interesting. We send it free in a book on CAREFUL LIVING.

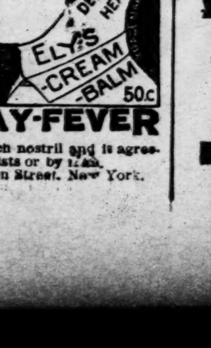
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CATARRH
Not a
LIQUID or SNUFF.

CATARRH



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A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS 56 Warren Street, New York.

Mr. Tate, the wealthy Englishman who offered the British Government a fine collection of pictures and $400,000 wherewith to erect a gallery if the Government would furnish a suitable site, has withdrawn his offer in disgust at the way in which it was treated.

The Transvaal (South Africa) Government has had its attention directed to a number of lepers in Kaffir kraals to the northeast of Pretoria, and a report has come from Maritzburg that no fewer than fifty kraals at Ixapo—a division of Natal—are infected with the disease.

Prussia has but 565 subjects whose annual incomes are more than $30,000 each.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

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Best of All

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Springtime comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. One bottle will answer for all the family and costs only 50 cents; the large size $1. Try it and be pleased. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

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TESTED BY TIME. For Bronchial affections, Coughs, etc., BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES have proved their efficacy by a test of many years. Price 25 cts.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

BEECHAM'S PILLS cure sick headache, disordered liver and act like magic on the vital organs. For sale by all druggists.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle



Wound up—the man or woman who's "run-down." Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery sets the wheels going. It starts the torpid liver into healthful action, purifies and enriches the blood, cleanses, repairs, and strengthens the system, and restores health and vigor. As an appetizing, restorative tonic, it sets at work all the processes of digestion and nutrition, and builds up flesh and strength.

For all scrofulous humors and blood-taints, and even Consumption (or Lung-scrofula), if taken in time, it's a positive remedy.

Unlike the sarsaparillas, which claim to be good for the blood in March, April, and May, "Golden Medical Discovery" works equally well at all seasons.

Unlike other blood-purifiers, too, it's *guaranteed* to benefit or cure, in every case, or your money is returned.

On these terms, it's the *cheapest*. You pay only for the *good* you get. But it's the *best*—or it couldn't be sold so.

YOU NEED NOT FEAR
that people will know your hair is dyed if you use that perfect imitation of nature,

Tutt's Hair Dye

It imparts a glossy color and fresh life to the hair. Price, $1. Office, 39 Park Place, N. Y.

Boils! Pimples! Blotches,

AND ERUPTIONS ON THE BODY, are indications of Poison in the Blood, and show that nature is making efforts to throw it out. S. S. S. will assist in this good work. It changes the character of the blood, so that the poison bearing germs speedily leave through the pores of the skin, and the poison is also forced out.

C. W. HODKINS, Postmaster at East Lamoine, Me., writes that Mrs. Kelly's son, who had been confined to bed fourteen months with an Abscess, has been cured sound and well by Swift's Specific. The boy is fourteen years old, lives next door to me, and I know the statement to be true.

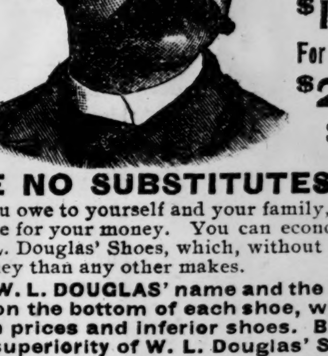
S. S. S. has a wonderful effect on Children, and should be given to every weak and debilitated child. Send for our Book on the Blood and Skin.

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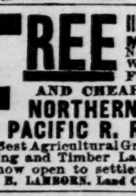


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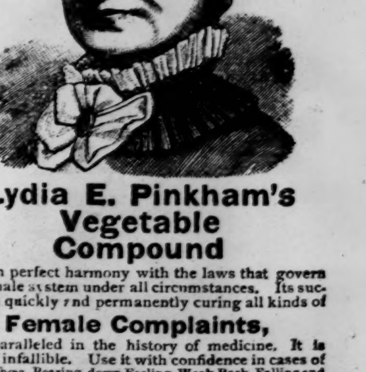
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